

<u>Georgia UNJP on Gender Equality</u> <u>LOGFRAME</u>

	Objectively verifiable indicators of achievement	Sources and means of	Year 1
		verification	Targets:
OVERALL GOAL	ENHANCED GENDER EQUALITY IN THE COUNTRY		
Outcome 1 Enhanced women's political and economic empowerment	 - Proportion of women to men in the Parliament / local councils Baseline: 11.3% in parliament; 11.6% in local self-governance (2014) - Increase in Women's employment and economic activity Baseline: employment rate - women 49.8%, men 64.5% (2013); economic activity rate - women 56.8%, men 77.3% (2013) 	GeoStat - Household Budget Survey, Labor Survey, Statistical information on employment and earnings	2016 parliamentary Elections - 15% women in the Parliament
Output 1.1. Duty bearers and rights holders are better able to advance gender equality	 - institutional mechanism for GE at legislature operational (Y/N) - institutional mechanism for GE at executive operational (Y/N) - Percent of population aware of GE issues; Percent of women and men supporting women's engagement in political economic and social life Baseline: 63.8% of population aware of GE issues (2013); Target: increase by 10 % - Proportion of women (to men) participating as candidates in parliamentary and local elections (Target: 30 % of the all candidates) 	Parliamentary web-site GEC web-site Government web-site Information in Media Public awareness surveys Reports/ Assessments by CSOs	Target: Y Target: N Target: increase by 6% Target: 30%

Activity Result 1.1.1. Human Rights Inter-Agency Coordination Council (HRIAC), its working group on Gender Equality and the dedicated secretariat structure have a greater capacity and positioning as a gender equality advocate	- GE Working Group institutionalized, organized and effective (Y/N)- HRIAC leads the next NAP(s) preparation and adoption (Y/N)		Target: NTarget: Y
Activity Result 1.1.2. Gender Equality Council has a greater capacity and positioning to champion policy change on gender equality	- number of legislative and policy initiatives advocated by the GEC (Target: advocacy - 10 initiatives, successful 20%)		Target: 1
Activity Result 1.1.3. Public better aware of GE issues and supportive to women's engagement in political, economic and social life	- number of media coverages reflecting adequately GE and women's rights issues Baseline: 903 media articles in 2014 incl. radio, TV, internet and press (2014) Target: (a) annual increase by 10%; (b) GE issues largely adequately reflected (Y/N)		Target: a) increase by 10% b) Y
Output 1.2. Gender responsive policies applied by national and local authorities	 number of gender sensitive national and/or local programmes/policies approved (Target: 10) The proportion of implementation of NAP actions; (Target: 80%) 	Government website CEC Government decisions Decisions of local authorities Court Statistics HSOJ report Activity reports	Target: 3 Target: 80% (NAP ends in 2016)

Activity Result 1.2.1 Target executive branch agencies (MOF, MOA, MES, MRDI, MESD, CSB) have greater capacities to implement the GE NAP	Proportion of activities from NAP implemented by each target institution (target: 90 %) Number of capacity building measures, bringing along measurable change in understanding of respective issues (Target: 15)		Target: 90% Target: 3
Activity Result 1.2.2. Gender Equality institutionalized in the standard judicial training curiculum and Courts collect sex disaggregated data	- number (or percentage) of judges and court staff trained in GE- courts produce sex disaggregated data (Y/N)		Target: 25Target: N
Activity Result 1.2.3. Local Authorities consider gender differences while planning and delivering local services (in collaboration with UN Women and UNFPA)	number of LG units incorporating gender indicators in their programmes (target: 5) -Analysis of the local budgets from Gender perspective demonstrating the positive dynamics (Y/N) - Women candidates running for local elections supported by UNDP (Target: 100 women candidates) - Number of initiatives advocated by the Women Councilors Forum with Regional and/or central authorities (Target: 5 initiatives)		Target: Y Local elections in 2017 Target: 1
Output 1.3. Local women empowered economically and politically through capacity building and engagement in local decision making	- Number of women that improved their economic/social conditions as a result of the programme; (Target: at least 180)	Activity Reports VET Institution reports Field visits/observations Information from local authorities Interviews with beneficiaries	Target: 30

Activity Result 1.3.1 Women workforce better equipped with	- number of women trained (Target: 700) - number of cooperatives formed and operational (Target: 5)	Target: 100
income generation skills through	- Ratio of women employed as a result of the trainings	Target: 60%
tailored professional educaion	(Target: 60 %)	Tangen can
programs offered at VET centers		
and more women engaged in		
agricultural cooperatives		
Activity Result 1.3.2 Local women	- number of women applied for financing (Target: 100	Target: 0
have better entrepreneurial/life	women)	
skills and enjoy improved access	-proportion of projects financed (Target: 30%)	Target: N/A
to financial resources through		
micro credits and/or government		
programs		
Activity Result 1.3.3 Community	no. of initiatives advocated by active women at the local	Target:
mobilisation results in enhanced	level (Target: 200)proportion of initiatives that will be	50Target:
women's participation and activity	adopted/implemented by local authorities as a result of	30%
in local decision making.	women's advocacy (Target: 30 %)	
Activity Result 1.3.4 Successful	- number of initatives implemented outside the target	Target: 0
cases of women's empowerment	regions (Target: 10 initiatives)	
promoted and replicated outside		
target regions		

UN Joint Programme to Enhance Gender Equality in Georgia Phase II

WOMENEE
United Nations Entity for Gender Equality
and the Empowerment of Women

Implementing

UNDP

Duration: 2015-2020

Agencies:

UN Women

Budget

UNFPA

Administrative

UNDP

Agent:

LOGICAL FRAMEWORK UNJP Phase II

	Intervention logic	Objectively verifiable indicators of achievement	Targets 2016	Sources and means of verification
OVERALL OBJECTIVE	Enhanced gender equality in the country			
Outcome 2	Enabling environment to eliminate VAWG, especially sexual and domestic violence created in Georgia	1. % change in issued protective and restrictive orders. (Target: 50 per cent increase by 2020)	10 per cent increase	External evaluation report.
		Baseline: 902 restrictive orders and 87 protective orders issued in 2014 (100%).		Official web-page of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia; Official correspondence with the Supreme Court of Georgia.
		2. % of change of indictments on VAWG cases, in particular DV and sexual violence crimes (Target: 40 percent increase by 2020)	10 per cent increase	Chief Prosecutor's Office official data
		Baseline: 516 DV and 80 rape cases in 2014 (100%)		
		3. % of change in the state budget allocation for the State Fund on DV issues by 2020 (<u>Target:</u> 20 per cent increase by 2020)	N/A	Official communication with the State Fund re budget and external evaluation report

		Baseline: GEL538,493.89 allocated in 2014 (100%)		4. Budget of the State Fund for the Protection and Assistance to the Victims of Human Trafficking (and domestic violence)
Output 2.1	National laws and policies on VAWG, especially on sexual and domestic violence improved in line with international commitments (DEVAW, CEDAW, BPfA,	Existence of an adopted and costed DV NAP;	Yes	Formal communication with the DV Council on the incorporation of the recommendations under
	Istanbul Convention)	Baseline: DV NAP 2013-2015 has not been costed;		the DV NAP 2013-2015 monitoring report into the new phase of DV NAP .
		2. Recommendations for amending the DV and VAWG related legislation drafted (in line with the recommendations under the DV NAP 2013-2015 monitoring report and the requirements under the Istanbul Convention submitted to the Parliament of Georgia).	Yes	DV NAP 2013-2015 monitoring report (section on the review of legislation).
		Baseline: Recommendations for amending DV and VAWG related legislation partially drafted (2015). (Second wave of amendments needed to ensure compliance of the Georgian legislation with the Convention)		Package of amendments to the DV and VAWG related legislation submitted to the Parliament.
Activity Result 2.1.1	2.1.1 Technical assistance provided to the DV Council	1. # of DV Council meetings resulting in concrete follow-up actions;	2 meetings	External evaluation report.
	to enhance its capacity to fulfill its mandate, i.e. coordinate and monitor implementation of the national laws and policies in the area of combating			DV NAP 2013-2015 monitoring report
	and preventing DV;	2. Regularity of reports on the implementation of the relevant sections of the DV NAP developed by the DV Council's members and submitted to the Council;	Annual	DV Council meeting minutes
Activity Result 2.1.2	2.1.2 Technical assistance provided to the DV Council to enhance its capacity for the evaluation of the DV NAP 2013-2015 and facilitate informed and participatory process of drafting and implementation, monitoring and reporting in relation to the subsequent DV NAP (2016 - ?)	1. Existence of a draft of a new DV NAP developed in a participatory process led by the DV Council; 2. # of NAP objectives implemented as per annual progress reports on the implementation of the new DV NAP.	Yes	Approved new phase of DV NAP and DV NAP 2013-2015 evaluation report; Annual progress reports by DV Council on the implementation of DV NAP (2016 - ?)

Activity Result 2.1.3	2.1.3 Technical assistance provided to the DV Council to enhance its capacity to carry out analysis and prepare needed amendments to VAWG, especially sexual and domestic violence related legislation and relevant policies	Existence of amendments to the VAWG related legislation and relevant policies drafted by the DV Council in line with international commitments and best international practices (DEVAW CEDAW, Beijing Platform for Action, CAHVIO) and submitted to the DV Council.	Yes	Formal communication with the DV Council on the receipt of the draft legislative amendments for the submission to the Parliament of Georgia for adoption.
Activity Result 2.1.4	2.1.4 Technical assistance provided to the DV Council to enhance its capacity to improve data collection and analysis in the field of VAWG, especially sexual and domestic violence	Concept on data collection and analysis system developed in line with the UNECE minimum set of gender indicators relevant to VAWG and submitted to the DV Council for approval;	Yes	Concept on the data collection and analysis system
Output 2.2	Capacity of key policy and service delivery institutions strengthened to promote and protect women's human rights to life free from sexual violence, VAWG and DV	1.# of shelters for DV victims/survivors functional and funded from the State Budget by 2020 (Target: 6 shelters operational by 2020)	N/A	External evaluation report.
		Baseline: 4 shelters in 2015		
		# of crisis centers operational and funded from local budgets (Target: 3 crisis centers by 2020)	N/A	External evaluation report.
		Baseline: No state funded crisis centers exist as of 2014		
		3. Existence of specialized state provided services for sexual violence victims/survivors delivered in line with the Istanbul Convention requirements; (Target: Specialized state provided services for sexual violence victims/survivors established and functional in line with the Istanbul Convention requirements by 2020)	N/A	External evaluation report.
		Baseline: No specialized services for sexual violence victims/survivors exist by 2014.		
		LBTI issues mainstreamed in capacity development interventions of key government stakeholders working on violence (MoIA, Chief Prosecutor's Office, GBA, Judiciary)	Yes	External evaluation report.
		Baseline: LBTI concerns are not integrated into the capacity development interventions of key government stakeholders working on violence by 2015		

		5. Existence of institutionalized mandatory training programs on VAWG, in particular DV and sexual violence for judges, prosecutors, and lawyers (Target: Mandatory training programs on VAWG, in particular DV and sexual violence for judges, prosecutors, and lawyers developed and institutionalized by 2020);	N/A	Formal communication with the HSOJ, Chief Prosecutor's Office and GBA
		Baseline: Sexual violence issues are not covered in training programs for judges, prosecutors and lawyers only exist on DV issues as of 2014		
		6. The mandate of social workers expanded to respond to DV cases by 2020;	N/A	Formal communication with the MoLHSA / SSA
		Baseline: Social workers only engage in DV cases where juveniles are direct victims/survivors as of 2014		
Activity Result 2.2.1	2.2.1 Capacity of patrol and district police officers strengthened to ensure efficient response to VAWG	Existence of curricula for future patrol and district police included in the regular training programme of the Police Academy	Yes	Formal communication with the Police Academy and the MoIA
	and DV cases	Number of district and patrol police officers trained on DV issues. (Target: At least 300 police officers trained by 2020)	80 police officers	Periodic reports by the Implementing Partner and external evaluation report
Activity Result 2.2.2	2.2.2 Capacity of criminal police strengthened to ensure efficient response to VAWG, in particular sexual violence cases;	Existence of curricula for criminal police officers on VAWG, in particular sexual and domestic violence developed	Yes	External evaluation report.
		At least 100 criminal police officers trained based on the newly developed curriculum	40 criminal police officers	Official correspondence with the MoIA
		Standard operating procedures for criminal police in relation to response to VAWG cases developed and enforced by 2020	N/A	SOP document
Activity Result 2.2.3	2.2.3 Support the Ministry of Internal Affairs provided in the establishment and development of a specialized unit/division to oversee investigations into and	Decree of the Minister of Internal Affairs of Georgia drafted establishing the specialized unit/division including its terms of reference	N/A	Decree document
	response to VAWG, in particular sexual violence and DV cases and analyze relevant data;	2. Continuous capacity development system established for the VAWG specialized unit officers; 3. # of cases handled by the specialized units (Target: At least 20 by 2020)	N/A	Official correspondence with the MoIA

Activity Result 2.2.4	2.2.4 Support the Supreme Court of Georgia provided through the analysis and capacity development of the common courts of Georgia to generalize judicial practice on VAWG , in particular sexual violence and DV cases;	Analysis of domestic violence cases heard by the common courts system of Georgia conducted and recommendations developed to ensure common practice;	Yes	Analysis of domestic violence cases and recommendations
		Based on the recommendations drafted to ensure common practice on VAWG and DV cases across common courts of Georgia, a VAWG training programme for judges with a special focus on sexual violence and domestic violence developed and included into the High School of Justice's official curriculum.	N/A	Formal communication with the HSOJ
		3. # of judges trained on VAWG with a special focus on sexual and domestic violence (Target: At least 100 by 2020)	N/A	Formal communication with the HSOJ
Activity Result 2.2.5	2.2.5 Support provided to the Georgian Bar Association in order to train private lawyers on VAWG, in particular sexual violence and DV as part of the mandatory continuous legal education program;	A curriculum for lawyers developed on VAWG with a special focus on sexual violence and DV and included in the CLE program of the GBA	Yes	Formal communication with the GBA
	manuatory continuous legal education program;	2. # of lawyers trained based on the new curriculum (Target: at least 300 by 2020)	40 lawyers	Report by the GBA Training Center
Activity Result 2.2.6	2.2.6 Capacity of the Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia strengthened to promote zero tolerance towards VAWG, in particular sexual violence	Integration of VAWG, in particular DV and sexual violence issues into the general education national curriculum	N/A	General education national curriculum
	and DV through integration of these issues into the national school curricula and teacher training programs;	2. % of the proposed materials included in the general education national curriculum (Target: at least 70%)	N/A	
		Existence of a training program for general education teachers on VAWG issues developed	N/A	Formal communication with the Teacher's Professional Development Center
Activity Result 2.2.7	2.2.7 To support the State Fund to establish specialized services for victims/survivors of sexual violence;	Existence of specialized services for sexual violence victims/survivors delivered in line with the requirements of the Istanbul Convention Number of beneficiaries served (Target: at least 50 by 2020)	N/A	External evaluation report.
Activity Result 2.2.8	2.2.8 Support provided to the State Fund to establish two additional shelters (location TBD) for DV victims/survivors;	A network of six shelters for DV victims/survivors functional and funded from the State Budget by 2020;	4 shelters	External evaluation report.

Activity Result 2.2.9	2.2.9 Capacity of the PDO's GED strengthened to monitor implementation of the legislation in relation to women's rights, gender equality and VAWG;	1. % of the PDOs Gender Mainstreaming strategy and action plan 2014- 2016 implemented (Target: at least 80%)	50 per cent	PDO report on the Gender Mainstreaming strategy implementation
		2. Existence of an institutionalized training program on VAWG with the PDO Human Rights School	N/A	Formal communication with the PDO
Activity Result 2.2.10	2.2.10 Capacity of social workers of the Social Service Agency under the MoLHSA strengthened to provide quality services to DV victims/survivors (and sexual violence if possible);	1. # of social workers trained on the efficient response to DV (Target: at least 150 by 2020); 2. Ration of social workers / beneficiaries	N/A	Formal communication with the SSA
Activity Result 2.2.11	2.2.11 Capacity of the Legal Aid Service of Georgia strengthened to provide legal consultation and court representation services to VAWG and DV victims/survivors on legal matters related to being	# of DV victims/survivors provided with quality legal aid services and consultations (Target: at least 200 by 2020)	N/A	External evaluation report.
	subjected to VAWG and DV;	2. # of Legal Aid Service lawyers trained on sexual and domestic violence issues (Target: at least 100 by 2020)	40 lawyers	Formal communication with the PLE Legal Aid Service
Activity Result 2.2.12	2.2.12 Support provided to the Chief Prosecutor's Office of Georgia to strengthen capacities of prosecutors to ensure efficient response to VAWG and DV cases;	Existence of a VAWG training programme for prosecutors with a special focus on sexual violence and domestic violence developed and included into the regular training programme for prosecutors. 2. # of indictments presented in VAWG/DV cases (Target: at least 150 by 2020)	N/A	Formal communication with the Chief Prosecutor's Office of Georgia
		# of prosecutors trained on VAWG with a special focus on sexual and domestic violence (Target: at least 100 by 2020)	N/A	Formal communication with the Chief Prosecutor's Office of Georgia
Activity Result 2.2.13	2.2.13 Support provided to the government in setting up a network of crisis centers for sexual violence and DV victims/survivors;	# of crisis centers for the victims/survivors of VAWG (sexual and domestic violence) established and operational in line with the developed crisis center standards (Tagret: at least 3 by 2020)	N/A	External evaluation report.
		2. # of victims/survivors provided with quality services per year (Target: at least 60 by 2020)	N/A	Crisis center statistics
Activity Result 2.2.14	2.2.14 Support provided to the government in the establishment of a system of socio-economic rehabilitation for VAWG and DV victims/survivors;	1. # of socially vulnerable DV victims/survivors accessing social protection benefits (Target: at least 20 by 2020)	N/A	Official communication with MoLHSA
		2.# of DV victims/survivors with access to vocational education (Target: at least 50 by 2020)	10 victims/survivors	Official communication with the MoES

Output 2.3	Public awareness raised to support prevention and disclosure of the instances of VAWG and DV	1. % of change in public awareness of the existence of the DV law and relevant services in Tbilisi and target regions above the baseline by 2020 (Target: 20 per cent increase)	5 per cent increase	Surveys
		Baseline: In 2013, 50% were aware of the existence of DV hotline and 57% were aware of the existing legal protection mechanisms 2. % of people who think it is never justifiable for a man to beat his wife, by sex (Target: 90% by 2020)		
			75%	
		Baseline: In 2013, 69% of citizens (73.3% women and 60.5% men) believed that DV is a crime and it is never justifiable for a man to beat his wife		
Activity Result 2.3.1	2.3.1 Services established in the area of VAWG and DV promoted in partnership with celebrities from the field of sport and art;	Number of reported cases of DV registered in the State Fund shelters, hotline and sexual violence services. (<u>Target:</u> At least 2500 cases by 2020)		State Fund shelter admission statistics and hotline statistics
		Baseline: In 2014, 1182 calls on the hotline and 114 victims served in DV shelters, 0 victims/survivors of sexual violence;		
Activity Result 2.3.2	2.3.2 Zero tolerance towards VAWG and DV promoted in partnership with celebrities from the field of sport and art;	Number of media coverages on the problem of DV and VAWG stimulated by the project each year. (Target: At least 350 coverages by 2020)	100 coverages	Media monitoring report
		Baseline: Up to 300 media coverages throughout 2014	-	
		2. % of service users who received information on the services through awareness raising efforts (<u>Target</u> : At least 80%-90% service users)	50-70 per cent of service users	State fund shelter admission statistics and hotline statistics
		Baseline: 80% of service users received information on the services through awareness raising efforts		
Activity Result 2.3.3	2.3.3 Partnerships established with the representatives of media to enhance their capacities in gender sensitive and ethical reporting;	No f media coverages on the problem of DV and VAWG rated positively as opposed to neutral or negative. (Target: At least 60% positive)	50 per cent positive	Media monitoring report
		Baseline: Up to 35% rated positively and 65% rated neutral.		

UN Joint Progamme to Enhance Gender Equality in Georgia, Phase II (2015-2020) LOGICAL FRAMEWORK



	Intervention logic	Objectively verifiable indicators of achievement	Sources and means of verification	2016 Annual Targets
OVERALL GOAL	Enhanced gender equality in the country			
Outcome 3	Advanced gender equality and reproductive rights, including for the most vulnerable women, adolescents and youth	1. Proportion of the Universal Periodic review accepted recommendations and CEDAW concluding comments related to women's rights from the previous reporting cycle implemented or actions taken Target: 50% 2. Functional tracking and reporting system to follow up on the implementation of reproductive rights recommendations and obligations exist (Yes/No) Target: Yes	National Strategy/Policy Papers adopted; Monitoring reports of GE and DV NAPs implementation.	
Output 3.1	Strengthened evidence-based policy advocacy to advance an enabling environment for gender equality and reproductive rights and prevention of violence and harmful practices against women, and girls;	National Action plan(s) addressing child marriage, gender-biased sexselection, and violence against women adopted. Baseline: No; Target: Yes	NAPs, Ministerial Decrees	

		2. # of studies to establish evidence on harmful practices, gender inequality and gender-based violence for informed policy making conducted and disseminated. Baseline: 2 Target: 5	Study Reports, UNJP Reports	
Activity Result 3.1.1	Evidence-based policy advocacy on issues related to GE, DV/VAW, and SRH&RR, harmful practices is strengthened	1. Researches to establish evidence on early marriage, gender based violence and men and gender relations in Georgia conducted during 2015-2020 Baseline: No Target: Yes	Research Papers	Target: methodology of 1 research elaborated and the field work conducted (nationwide research on causes, consequences and existing practices of early marriages)
		2. # of advocacy/capacity development events conducted to support capacity development of policy makers to address GBSS, early marriages, gender equality and reproductive rightsBaseline: OTarget: at least 10 advocacy/capacity development events held	UN JP Reports	Target: at least 2 advocacy/capacity development events held
		3. Working Group consisting of representatives of Gender Equality machinery at the executive and legislative branch and civil society actors elaborated legislative and policy recommendations to be integrated into the National Action Plans on Gender Equality, Youth and civic integration for prevention of early marriages Baseline: No Target: Yes	National Policy and Strategic Documents , UN JP Reports	Target: Ongoing

Activity Result 3.1.2	Participatory partnership platforms to advocate for increased investment in marginalized adolescents and youth to advance gender equality is supported	4. Integrated policy support provided to national GE machineries to refine the mechanism and update the NAPs related to Gender Equality and Domestic Violence (in collaboration with UNDP and UN Women) Baseline: No Target: Yes 1. Participatory platform that advocates for increased investments in adolescents and youth within gender equality, youth and health policies, plans and programmes exists (Yes/No) Baseline: No Target: Yes	National Action Plans related to GE and DV Documents generated by an informal network/youth watchdog group; UN JP Reports	Target: Ongoing Target: Ongoing
		2. # of multi-sectoral/local forums conducted to advocate for youth SRH&RR and promote youth participation in policy formulation and monitoring process Baseline: 0 Target: at least 3 forums conducted	Documents generated by an informal network/youth watchdog group; UN JP Reports	Target: 1 Forum
Output 3.2	Strengthened capacity of national public organizations and national human rights institution to advance gender equality and reproductive rights and prevention of gender-based violence and harmful practices	DV and VAW response Recommendations are integrated into the health systemBaseline: NoTarget: Yes	UN JP Reports, package of Recommendations	

		2. Curriculum and methodology of SRH&RR and health life-style education in secondary education system is aligned with international standards. (Yes/No) Target: Yes 3. Reproductive Rights monitoring methodology is institutionalized in the Public Defender's system allowing to elaborate policy recommendations and monitor their implementation Baseline: No Target: Yes	MoES documents, National education Plan PDO documents, Reports	
Activity Result 3.2.1	Health system response to DV and Sexual Violence against Women through integrating Recommendations on Revealing, Referring, and Documenting the Cases of Physical, Sexual and Psychological Violence against Women in the health system is strengthened	1. # of health care facilities supported to pilot protocols and SOPs on response to DV/VAW Baseline: 0 Target: at least 10 2. # of health professionals trained in the selected pilot of health care facilities on protocols and SOPs on response to Dv/VAW Baseline: 0 Target: at least 60	Minister of Health Documents; Letter of Understanding with the Health Care institutions; Pilot Evaluation report UN JP report	Target: at least 2 health care facilities supported Target: at least 20 health professionals trained
		3. Special curriculum on Health System Response to DV/VAW For medical students developed and institutionalized at the medical university Baseline: No Target: yes 4. Routine data collection on DV/VAW is integrated into the medical statistical information system; Baseline: No Target: yes	Special Curriculum; Communication Materials. Database at NCDC&PH reflects DV data;	Target: No Target: No

Activity Result 3.2.2	Technical assistance to integrate the healthy lifestyle, sexual and reproductive health and gender equality issues into the national educational system of Georgia is provided	1. Age-sensitive education on SRH&RR and healthy life-style issues is integrated into the formal education system (National Education Plan, pass-through standard, standard of subjects, etc)Baseline: NoTarget: Yes	National Education Plan; Pass through standard, standard on subjects, etc. Minister of Education and Sciences Decree(s); Training Module/Manual;	Target: "Pass through" Standard on Helathy Life- Style finalized and at least 1 subject standard fianlized with SRH principles integrated
		2. Teaching materials on SRH&RR, healthy life-style issues for students of different classes developed Baseline: No Target: Yes	Teaching materials based on MoES web platform; textbooks for different classes;	Target: No
		3. Training modules for teachers on youth SRH, healthy life-style developed and integrated in the teacher professional development system Baseline: No Target: Yes	UN JP Reports, Teachers professional development centre documents	Target: Ongoing
		4. E-learning resources for parents developed on SRH&RR, healthy life-style issues to be based on MoES web platform Baseline: No Target: Yes	Web-based resources; parents' e-learning resources;	Target: Ongoing
		5. Learning resources on youth SRH and GE developed and integrated into the school supervisors' mandatory training Baseline: No Target: Yes	Training curriculum, UN JP reports	Target: No
		6. Learning resources on youth SRH&RR, healthy life-style and GE for school doctors, updated and integrated in the CME system Baseline: Learning resources developed, not integrated Target: Yes	Training module, CME accreditation documents	Target: Ongoing

Activity Result 3.2.3	Monitoring of the exercise of reproductive rights and right to sexual and reproductive health through strengthening the National Human Rights Institution – The Public Defender's Office is supported	Monitoring tools for conducting national inquiry into the use SRH&RR developed and institutionalized Baseline: No Target: Yes	UN JP Reports PDO documents	Target: Methodology for the conducting national inquiry into the use SRH&RR developed
		2. National inquiry conducted by a National Human Rights Institution concerning the exercise of reproductive rights existBaseline: NoTarget: Yes	UN JP ReportsPDO documents	Target: No
		3. Policy recommendations developed by the PDO related SRH&RR Baseline: No Target: Yes	UN JP Reports PDO documents	Target: No
Output 3.3	Strengthened public advocacy for enhancing de facto Gender Equality and promotion of SRH&RR	1. Analysis of content and media response reveal public support to GE in general and to increased male involvement for greater gender equality Baseline: N/A Target: Yes	Media (including social media) content analysis report	
		2. % change in knowledge about GE and SRH&RR among the training participants (male population and youth) Baseline: N/A Target: 10-20% increase	UN JP Reports, training reports	
		3. New advocates (CSOs, and champions) are involved in advocacy for increased involvement of men for gender equality Baseline: N/A Target: Yes	UN JP reports, public statements and speeches	

Activity Result 3.3.1	Gender Transformative Programming through increasing male involvement in attaining greater gender equality is supported	MenCare Global Campaign launched and unfolded Baseline: No Target: Yes	Support letters issued by the CSOs; Social Media reports, web-based platforms;	Target: The concept for introducing the MenCare Global Campaing developed and the National Partner selected and the Global Campaign launched
		2. # of trainings conducted with male participants using Men Talking to Men module Baseline: 0 Target: at least 15 3. # of civil society and youth organizations trained on Gender Transformative ProgrammingBaseline: 0Target: at least 5	UN JP Report, training reports UN JP Report, training reports; training Module/Manual;	Target: 4 trainings conducted Target: No
Activity Result 3.3.2	Youth advocacy for enhanced GE and HR of youth is supported	1. Number of youth reached with GE and SRH information through: i. mass media/public events ii. Community Outreaches Baseline: 0 Target: at least 1000 youth reached annually	Youth Festival estimated coverage, youth local forums etc, participant Lists; SCO Grant proposals estimated outreach; UN JP Reports	Target: at least 1000 youth reached annually
		2. # of Community Based Organizations in selected regions to implement GE and SRH awareness-raising activities targeting youth at the grass-roots level Baseline: 0 Target: 2 annually in each target region	UN JP reports	Target: 2 annually in each target region

Activity Result 3.3.3	Public Advocacy for creating enabling socio- cultural environment to promote Gender Equality, SRH&RR and preventing harmful practice is supported	1. Number of issue-based public advocacy campaigns (including through IEC, TV, social media) against harmful practicesBaseline: 2; Target: 5	Media reports on SRH&RR, GE, GBV, child/early marriages, GBSS, etc	Target: one campaign initiated
		2 # of media coverage (including social media) on SRH&RR, GE, GBV Baseline: 70 annually Target: at least 80 media coverage annually	Media reports, social media blog posts	Target: at least 80 media coverage annually
Activity Result 3.3.4	Media is strengthened to raise awareness and trigger opinion change related to gender equality, SRH&RR and harmful practices	1: # workshops/roundtable discussions conducted on sensitive reporting related to GE and SRH&RR for traditional and new media journalists Baseline: 3 Target: 5	UN JP reports reports	Target: 1 workshop/roundatable discussion conducted
		2: Syllabus on sensitive reporting for journalism students integrated in the higher education for journalists Baseline: No Target: Yes	UN JP reports, IHL documents,	Target: No