Technical Specifications

Development of Solar Array for JAIP

Construction of New PV Solar Power System in Jericho Agro Industrial Park, in Palestine

Funded by the Government of Japan

Implemented by

United Nations Development Programme/ Programme of Assistance to the Palestinian People (UNDP/PAPP)

In close partnership with Palestinian Industrial and Economic Free Zone Authority (PIEFZA)

Consultancy firm: KANDENKO

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Abbreviations

略語: Abbreviation	英語名:English Term	和訳:Japanese Term	
AC	Alternate Current	交流	
ASTM	American Society for testing and Materials	アメリカ材料試験協会	
BS	British Standard	英国工業規格	
CCTV	Closed Circuit Television	監視カメラ	
CO2	Carbon Dioxide	二酸化炭素	
CSP	Concentrated Solar Power	太陽熱発電	
DC	Direct Current	直流	
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment	環境影響評価	
FIT	Feed-in Tariffs	固定価格買取制度	
F/S	Feasibility Study	予備調査	
GDP	Gross Domestic Product	国内総生産	
GHG	Green House Gas	温室効果ガス	
GoJ	Government of Japan	日本国政府	
IEC	Israel Electric Corporation Limited	イスラエル電力公社	
IEC Standard	International Electro Technical Commission Standard	国際電気標準規格	
JAIP	Jericho Agro-Industrial Park	ジェリコ農産加工団地	
JASS	Japanese Architectural Standard Specification	日本建築学会建築工事標準仕様書	
JCS	Japanese Cable Maker's Association Standard	日本電線工業会規格	
JDECO	Jerusalem District Electricity Company	エルサレム地区電力会社	
JEAC	Japan Electric Association Code	電気技術規定	
JEC	Japanese Electro-technical Committee Standard	日本電気規格調査会標準規格	
JEM	Japan Electrical Manufacturers' Association Standard	日本電機工業会規格	
JICA	Japan Industrial Cooperation Agency	日本独立行政法人国際協力機構	
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display	液晶ディスプレイ	
NASA	The National Aeronautics and Space Administration	アメリカ航空宇宙局	
NEDO	New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization	新エネルギー産業技術開発機構	
NIS	New Israel Shekel	ニューイスラエルシュケル通貨	
OFR	Over Frequency Relay	周波数上昇継電器	
OVGR	Over Voltage Grounding Relay	地絡過電圧継電器	
OVR	Over Voltage Relay	過電圧継電器	
PCBS	Palestine Central Bureau of Statistics	パレスチナ統計局	

VII TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

 \cdot EQUIPMENT WORKS

• MECHANICAL and ELECTRICAL WORKS

I. EQUIPMENT WORKS

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL

Section 1 General:

This document shall describe the technical specifications for the equipment to be procured and installed for "The Project of Construction of New PV Solar Power System in Jericho Agro Industrial Park, in Palestine" (herein after referred to as the Project)

Section 2 Scope of Work

2.1 The Scope of work

The equipment work (hereinafter referred to as 'the Work') shall include shop drawing, procurement, fabrication, delivery, storage, installation, adjustment, testing, and commissioning of the equipment to be procured and installed for the Project.

- 2.2 Schedule of system equipment
- 2.2.1 PV System

Schedule of system equipment including testing and maintenance equipment to be provided for the PV system for the Project is as shown in 1-3-1 below.

2.2.2 Design conditions

Meteorological conditions

(1) Monthly average ambient temperature: 9.2 $^\circ C$ - 42.3 $^\circ C$ (maximum temp. 48.2 $^\circ C$) (2015-2017, 3 years)

- (2) Average relative humidity: 42.7% (2015-2017, 3 years)
- (3) Average precipitation : 45.8 200.5mm (max 65.7mm/month)
- (4) Annual average wind velocity: 7.1m/s (max 31.0m/s (2015-2017, 3 years)
- (5) Lightning strike consideration :

The Contractor shall take measures to prevent any damage to new and existing facility/ equipment caused by lightning strikes.

(6) Seismic load consideration :

The location of Jericho City adopts stability earthquake force of 0.3G for designs of the concrete basics of ground guest star since the Project site location is in the high-risk zone 3 to establish in "Seismic Hazard Map for Building Codes in the Levant' to apply at the time of the structure design of the building in the autonomous Palestinian areas because there is the Dead Sea Transform. When we install the rooftop of the building

and arrive to put the rooftop, strength calculates a big load condition of the load as assumption load in the long-term load of the building, a short term.

(7) Solar Radiation Intensity:

Dairy average solar radiation2.6-7.9 kWh/m2/d (NASA) Average 5.31kWh/m2Location information:North latitude 31.861392, East longitude 35.460336

2.3.Defect Liability

(1) Defect Liability period: one year from the date of the Certificate of Completion of the Works issued by the Consultant.

- (2) If any damage or default is found in the Works and if such damage or default is due to the causes not imputable to the Recipient. In such case, the Contractor shall immediately reinstall or repair such damage or default at his own expense during the defect liability period.
- (3) If such defeats results from the Recipient's or his users' negligence to follow the operation instructions during the defeat liability period, its expenses should be owed by the Recipient. In such case, the Contractor shall immediately repair or replace the defeat by request of the Recipient.

Section 3 Electrical requirement

3.1 The electrical characteristics of power being supplied by Jerusalem District Electricity Company (hereinafter referred to as "JDECO") are described hereinafter Low-voltage power supply conditions:

1)	Voltage	$380\mathrm{V}/220\mathrm{V},3$ phase 4-wires
2)	Frequency	50Hz
3)	Voltage range	$\pm 5\%$
4)	Frequency range	$\pm 0.2\%$

Since electrical supply conditions which are above mentioned show a steady fluctuation range, the electrical equipment to compose the PV system shall meet the following design conditions that reflect transient fluctuation range,

- 1) Steady Voltage range $\pm 10\%$
- 2) Instantaneous Voltage range $\pm 15\%$
- 3) Steady Frequency range $\pm 3\%$
- 4) Instantaneous Frequency range $\pm 5\%$

CHAPTER 2 SYSTEM REQUIREMENT

Section 1 System operational requirement

1) The solar cells produce Direct Current (DC) electricity current by solar radiation from the sun and connected to power conditioner.

 The power conditioner converts this DC electricity current to the Alternating Current (AC) electric power that went along with the voltage, frequency, the phase of a customer power supply and does power supply to load.

3) When a generated electric power is greater than consumption power a surplus, electric power shall be flow to the grid. (e.g. the day when a factory is closed)

4) Power consumption data of generated power from the PV system and the receiving power from the power utility shall be recorded.

5) For consecutive system protection, in the event error message of a power conditioner is received, the circuit connected to the power conditioner shall be cut off the consecutive system at the switch in the LV electric distribution board.

6) The operation data shall be collected and stored, with a measurement monitor.

Section 2 Management and Monitoring data of PV system

2-1 Signal transmitters

The necessary transmitters to transmit of meteorological data collecting devices shall be installed transducer boxes.

(1) Type: Outdoor type

(2)	Input signal: Solar irradiance meter	0-10mV
	Thermometer	Pt 100Ω
(3)	Output signal:	4-20mA
(4)	Power supply:	AC:1Phase220V:50Hz

2-2 Data collection item:

(1) Output power (kW) from each power conditioner

- (2) Sold electric energy (kWh)
- (3) DC input voltage values for each power conditioner (DC V)
- (4) AC output voltage values for each power conditioner (AC V)
- (5) Solar radiation intensity (W/m2)
- (6) Ambient Temperature (degree centigrade)

2-3 Apparatus

- (1) Personal computer (1 set)
 - 1) Desktop type with display (22 inch or lager), keyboard and optical mouse
 - 2) OS: Windows 10
 - 3) Software: for data monitoring and display

4) RAM: 4GB or higher	
5	6) CPU: 2GHz or faster	
6) Hard disk: 1TB or higher	
7	7) DVD/BD super multi drive	
8	3) Color Printer: Size A3 correspondenc	e
ę) UPS for PC: AC 1phase 220V 50Hz 120	0VA or higher
1	0) Operation Conditions:	Ambient temperature $10^\circ\!\mathrm{C}\!\sim\!40^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$
		Relative humidity $20{\sim}85\%$
(2)	Solar Radiation meter (2 sets)	
	1) Measuring object	: Solar radiation on tilted surface
	2) ISO classification	: Second class or equivalent
	3) Measurement wave length	: 310~2,800mm
	4) Measurement range	∶0~2,000 W/m2
	5)Accuracy	2.5% or less(0~1,000 W/m2)
	6) Installation	: On the supporting frame of PV modules
	7) Operating conditions	: Ambient temperature -20°C \sim 70°C
		Relative Humidity $30{\sim}90\%$
(3)	Thermometer (1 set)	
	1) Type	$: Pt100 \Omega$
	2) Resolution	: 0.1 degree Celsius
	3) Accuracy	: ± 0.2 degree Celsius (at 20 degree Celsius)
	4) Installation	: On the supporting frame of PV modules
	5) Operation Conditions	: Ambient temperature -20°C \sim +85°C
		Relative Humidity $30{\sim}90\%$

(4) Apparatus for data detection, A/D converter (6 lot)

Section 3 Measurement period, operation interval, and data storage period

- (1) A measurement interval: 6 seconds
- (2) An operation period: 1 minute
- (3) Data storage period: 1 minute and 1 hour

CHAPTER 3 EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATION

Section 1 PV System

There are several installation locations and methods in this project, and optimum type and install method for each location shall be considered,

For easiness of maintenance, PV modules shall be of same manufacture, same type and same product for all installed locations.

(1) Module Type: Poly-crystalline cell type

(2) Maximum Output Power : 320Wp/module or higher(Under STC Standard Test Conditions rated))

(3) Conversion efficiency: 16.7% or higher (Under STC)

Section 2 Power conditioner (Inverter)

2-1 Type

- 1) Outdoor wall installed type: For a Hanger rooftop (;the Administration Building rooftop flat installation, the Administration Building Parking lot rooftop), Green area 1 and 2.
- 2) Indoor type for : only Expansion area for existing PV station area (%Existing same type and specification).
- 2-2 Specification
- (1) Maximum output capacity: 40kVA or specified under the bill of quantities
- (2) Electrical system : 3 phase 4 wires AC380V 50Hz
- (3) Rated Efficiency : 90% or higher (under rated power operation)
- (4) Harmonics distortion: Current Total 5% or less, Current each dimension 3% or less
- (5) Output power factor : 0.95
- (6) Protection for Grid-connected PV system, Over Voltage relay, Under Voltage relay, Up-frequency Relay, Automatic start/stop control (Active and Passive)
- (7) Input voltage range : DC150---500V

(8) Output power control : Maximum Power Point Tracking control (MPPT: Maximum Power Point Tracking)

- (9) Protection grade : IP65 or higher
- (10) Utility monitoring function: yes
- (11) Islanding protection function: yes
- (12) Operating Temperature Range
- (13) Cooling

(14) Noise

-20 - +60(7) (M40 version -40 - +60) °C Internal Fan < 40 dBA

Section 3	AC and DC Connection Box and Collection Box
3-1 Type :	
(1) Water proof	Туре
(2) Quantity of	circuits : 8 circuits and more
(3) Equipment	to be contained : Disconnection switch, Circuit breaker (MCCB),
Diodes for r	everse power protection, Lighting surge protection (ZNR)
(4) Protection g	grade: IP 65
Section 4	Other Equipment
4-1 Testing Equ	lipment
4-1-1 Insulation	n tester : Testing voltage range: 125/250/500/1000V
	Accuracy: $\pm 3\%$ reading, $\pm 4\%$ digit
	Testing resistance range: 4/40/200/400/500/2000/4000 M Ω
	Or more Qty: 1 set
4-1-2 Digital cir	cuit tester: Testing objects: AC/DC voltage, AC/DC current impedance
	of cable and devices Qty: 1 set
4-1-3 Clamp me	eter : Digital clamp meter c/w viewer, Auto ranging and range
	holding function
	Accuracy: $\pm 1.5\%$ reading, $\pm 3\%$ digit
	Allowable current: up to 2000AAC
	Conductor diameter: ϕ 55mm max Qty: 1 set
4-2 Maintenand	e Equipment
(1) Circuit disco	onnection rod : Qty: 1 set
(2) Insulation r	ubber gloves : Qty: 1 set
(3) Insulation r	ubber boots : Qty: 1 set
(4) Mops	: For cleaning PV modules Qty: 5 sets
(5) Kit of tools	: Screwdriver (Phillips and Flat blede), Piers, Nippers,
Measuring tape	e (10m, not steel), Tool Box and others Qty: 1 set

CHAPTER 4 INSPECTION

Section 1 Quality Inspection by the consultant/ designated engineer

As for the quality inspection for the equipment, the following inspections and acceptance test shall be conducted prior to the handover of the equipment.

1-1 Factory inspection

Prior to the shipment of the major i.e. PV module and power conditioner, equipment out of the factory, equipment shall be inspected as to their conformity with required specifications and performance test for the system shall also conducted.

1-2 Collation inspection prior to shipment

Though quantities of the principal equipment shall be confirmed at the time of the factory inspection, quantities of all equipment shall be confirmed during collation inspection prior to shipment to be conducted by third party inspection agency. Place of inspection shall be manufacturer' packing warehouse.

1-3 Interim inspection

Interim inspection (on-site acceptance inspection) shall be conducted for the equipment with the presence of the Consultant immediately after completion of adjustment of the equipment one after the other.

At the inspection, various test data required for the acceptance test shall be collected with the presence of the Consultant through the operation of the equipment by the expert who engaged with installation and adjustment of the said equipment. And at the same time, specification of single and reciprocal operation of the equipment and quantities shall also be confirmed.

The interim inspection shall be held at last day of adjustment and commissioning of the equipment.

1-4 Acceptance test and handover

After completion of guidance on operation, counterparts of the Project with the presence of the Consultant shall verify required efficiency/performance and functions. Acceptance test shall be conducted by operating actual PV system.

After completion of the acceptance test, results of the test and data collected during the interim inspection shall be confirmed among the counterparts, the Consultant and the Contractor. Then, the Project will be handed over to the Implementation Agency (the Palestinian Energy Authority)

Section 2 Inspection for Electrical Performance of PV Modules

Inspection of PV modules shall be conducted in order to confirm its electrical performance described hereinafter.

1) Rating output power of PV modules shall comply with relevant IEC standards.

2) Total rating output power of PV modules shall exceed the required amount as described in the 'specification of PV modules'.

Section 3 Acceptance test and handover

Items to be inspected for the PV system shall be as follow.

Items to be inspected	PV	Power	Cable and	Data	Display
	modules	conditione	wiring	manageme	
		rs		nt and	
				monitoring	
				system	
1. Visual inspection	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2. Insulation test	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes
3. Insulation	yes	Yes			Yes
resistance test					
4. Protection test		Yes			
5. Integrated		Yes		yes	Yes
operation test					

CHAPTER 5 Spare Parts and Consumables plan

- 1) PV module: 0.5% of delivery number of articles
- 2) Fuse of the power conditioner and pilot lamp 100%

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II . ELECTRICAL and MECHANICAL WORKS

CHAPTER 1 PRODUCTS

Section 1 General

The Consultant shall approve all products, materials and equipment.

- 1-1 Materials and equipment:
 - 1) Materials and equipment shall be as specified in the Drawings and/or the Specifications and suitable for the service intended.
 - 2) Materials and equipment shall be unused except those used for testing.
 - Equipment to be used shall be backed up by sufficient on-site service and shall be taken care with effective service activities.
- 1-2 Standard Products
 - 1) Materials and equipment shall be of general purpose and standard products.
 - 2) Unless otherwise approved by the Consultant, materials and equipment shall have a performance of a satisfactory operation in use for at least 5 years before the Tender Data and shall be the product which is kept in current continuous production.
- 1-3 The capacity of equipment shall no be less than that indicated in the Drawings and/or specified in the Specifications.
- 1-4 Conform to the requirements of an independent testing laboratory approved by the Consultant.
- 1-5 In lieu of a formal certificate for equipment and/or materials issued by the testing laboratory, the alternative submission of the following documents shall be subject to the Consultant approval;
 - 1) Catalogue Cuts
 - 2) Technical Data
 - 3) Manufacturer's testing performance data

CHAPTER 3 EXECUTION

Section 1 Workmanship

- (a) The entire work provided in this Technical Specifications shall be constructed and finished in every respect with good workmanship and in a substantial manner.
- (b) It is not intended that the Drawings shall show every materials, fitting and appliance, but the Contractor shall furnish and install all such parts as may be necessary to complete the systems in accordance with best trade practice and to the satisfaction of the Consultant.
- (c) Coordinate with all other trades regarding the shape, size, and position of all openings required for apparatus in advance of the work so that all openings may be

built in advance. Furnish and install all sleeves, supports, etc. hereinafter specified or required.

(d) Obtain detailed information from manufacturers as to the proper method of installation and connection. Obtain all information from other trades that may be necessary to facilitate work and completion of the whole Project.

Section 2 Painting

- (a) Except as otherwise specified, all equipment and materials furnished under this Chapter shall have a standard factory applied finish. All practical precautions shall be taken to prevent scratches and damage during shipment, storage and installation. Touch-up shall be where necessary to repair any scratches with proper surface preparation.
- (b) All nameplates bearing descriptive data and all nonferrous surfaces of materials and equipment provided under this Section shall be left unpainted, and clean.
- (c) All bare iron surfaces of pipe, equipment, materials, hangers and supports installed under this Specification shall be painted with one coat of approved rust resistant primer and finish painting as part of the work of this Specification. Painting shall be unnecessary for pipes in concealed area.
- (d) All painting and sizing done under this Chapter shall conform to the applicate equality control that is proposed by the Contractor and approved by the Consultant.

Section 3 Setting of Equipment

- (a) The setting of equipment shall be carefully coordinated with the work and requirements of the other trades involved to ensure compatibility and to avoid conflicts.
- (b) Equipment that is floor-mounted on concrete or masonry slabs, pads and piers, or permanent support.

Section 4 Test and Inspections

- (a) The Contractor shall carry out the following tests and inspections at each phase of construction to confirm that the requirements for the quality, capacity, performance and other items indicated on the Drawings and specified herein with regard to the materials, goods and workmanship are satisfactory. The Contractor shall record the results of each test and inspection and shall submit them to the Consultant for approval.
- (1) Before installation
 - 1) Materials; Checking of Standards and condition of materials.
 - 2) Equipment; Checking of shop drawings and manufacturer's instructions.
- (2) During installation

- 1) Materials; Inspections of delivered materials
- 2) Equipment; Inspection at the project site
- 3) Installation; Tests and inspections shall be as described hereinafter.
- (3) Upon Completion
 - 1) Tests and inspection of appearance, function, performance and trial run.
- (b) If as a result of such test and inspection, the materials, equipment and workmanship are judged unsatisfactory or unacceptable, they shall be rectified and/or replaced immediately at the Contractor's expense.
- (c) The Contractor shall, in advance, consult with the Consultant as to the program, schedule and items of test and inspection to comply with the Consultant's instructions.

Section 5 Opening

All opening in partitions, walls or slabs required for the work of this Chapter, are subject to the approval of the Consultant. Openings shall be finished in accordance with the requirements of the related specifications.

Section 6 Cutting and Patching

- (a) All cutting and patching incidental to and required for the proper installation for the work to be performed under this Chapter. Contractor shall cut anything existing building structure and other materials with specific approval of the Consultant.
- (b) Perform all patching in full accordance with those divisions and sections applying to the various trades, materials, methods, workmanship and finishes involved. Damaged surfaces shall be restored to their original or better condition.
- (c) Holes may not be cut through concrete structural members.

Section 7 Miscellaneous Iron and Steel

- (a) Furnish and install all steel supports and hangers as shown in the Drawings or as required to support pipe, equipment and materials. Shop drawings of proposed work shall be submitted for the Consultant approval.
- (b) All work shall be cut, assembled, welded and finished by skilled mechanics. Welds shall be ground smooth. Stands, brackets, and framework shall be properly sized and strongly constructed.
- (c) Members shall be generally welded or riveted. Welding shall be at the shop. Field assembly may be carried out by bolting.
- (d) All shop-fabricated iron and steelwork shall be cleaned and dried and given a under coat of rust inhibited paint on all surfaces and in all openings and services.

Section 8 Welding

(a) All welding shall be executed by skilled and qualified welders in a neat and

substantial manner. Welding on piping and structural steel shall be performed only by persons who are currently qualified as a skilled welder, and each such welder shall present his qualifications to the Consultant whenever requested to do so on the job.

- (b) All pipes welding shall be oxy-acetylene or electric arcs. High test welding rods suitable for the material to be welded shall be used throughout. All special fittings shall be carefully laid out and joints shall be accurately matched at intersections. Care shall be exercised to prevent the occurrence of protruding weld metal into the pipe. All welds shall be of sound metal free from laps, cold shuts, gas pockets, oxide inclusions and similar defects.
- (c) All necessary precautions shall be taken to prevent fire or other damage occurring from the welding work.

Section 9 Anchorage

- (a) Furnish and install all arrangement required for controlling expansion, contraction and movement of pipe lines and equipment installed under this section.
- (b) Anchors shall be of approve design, secured to the building in an approved manner and sufficiently substantial to overcome the force of expansion of the piping systems.
- (c) Anchors shall be located so as to take maximum advantage of all points where expansion and construction may be taken up.

Section 10 Cleaning and Protection

- (a) Equipment and piping shall be blown out under pressure and cleaned of foreign material, through temporary connections where necessary, before the system is placed in service. Precautions shall be taken to prevent foreign material from getting into the equipment and piping during construction. The manufacturer of chemicals shall recommend and furnish chemicals for the purpose of cleaning and blowing out.
- (b) Protection of finish; fully protect all finish of the materials and equipment against damage from whatever cause during the progress of the work and until the final acceptance. Cover all materials and equipment in storage and during construction to protect finished surfaces from damage or flaw and keep all moving parts perfectly clean and dry. Clean the surfaces of all equipment and fixtures upon completion of the work.
- (c) Surfaces of all equipment and raceways shall be cleaned upon completion of the work.
- (d) Equipment and piping shall be blown

Section 11 Underground Piping Protection

The Contractor shall provide reinforcement works in such intersection areas where vehicles may pass over the piping lines. The Contractor shall prepare shop drawing for the protection works and submit for approval of the Consultant. All underground steel

piping shall be protected with anti-corrosive coverage.

Section 12 Underground wiring and Protection

Where special conditions exist, such as the need for reinforcement for wiring and the like where vehicles may pass over the wiring lines, the Contractor shall furnish and install reinforcement works at such areas or install the wire with the polyvinyl chloride pipe at locations deeper than 0.9m meters from the finished surface.

Section 13 Hangers and Supports

- (a) All required hangers, supports, clamps, sleeves, etc., required for the installation of the electrical work shall be included as a part of the work of this section.
- (b) All materials for required hangers, supports, clamps, sleeves, etc. shall be electrogalvanized steel or painted.
- (c) All horizontal runs of raceways and cable trays shall be properly grouped and hung to true alignment using substantial and appropriate hangers, clamps, conduit straps, etc. Hangers and support locations shall be coordinated with the work of other trades to avoid conflicts. Hangers and supports shall be placed at intervals in accordance with the requirements of Japanese Standards or equivalent. Supporting rods shall be threaded only on ends, with allowance for adjustment, or shall be all threaded in areas where required to suit a particular job condition or application.
- (d) Wire and straphangers will not be permitted. Metal clips or straps using toggle bolts or lead expansion sleeves on masonry and wood screws on woodwork shall secure conduits and fittings. Where fastened to bar joints, bulb-tees and/or flange beams, use wedge hangers, tap clips and flange clips.
- (e) Support conductors in vertical raceways and cable tray in accordance with the requirements of Japanese Standards or equivalent.
- (f) Painting shall make any cutting edge good with anti-corrosive paint.

Section 14 Wiring and elementary Diagrams

The equipment actually installed shall be wired and connected in accordance with the equipment manufacturer's recommendations and shall conform to details in approved wiring diagrams to be furnished by the equipment's manufacturer.

All equipment so connected shall be made to operate in a safe, proper and efficient manner. Note that control circuitry is not necessary shown completely on the Drawings but shall be furnished by the Contractor and installed in conduits between the points and devices indicated on the diagrams.

Section 15 Designation of Equipment

Use laminated nameplates on the exterior of all electrical apparatus, including switchboards, panel boards, switchboxes, telephone cabinets and other equipment as

indicated. Those laminated nameplates shall be of black and white bake lite or similar material, machine engraved through the black layer to expose the white layer, with lettering.

Manufacturer's standard nameplates will be acceptable, if compatible with those used throughout the Project, and if approved by the Consultant.

CHAPTER 4 CONSTRUCTIONS

Section 1 Conductors (Wire and Cable)

- 1-1 General requirements
- 1-1-1 Scope of works
 - a) Wire and cable complete with accessories
 - b) Installation of miscellaneous items and appurtenances shown and/or required to complete the wire and cable work
- 1-1-2 Applicable Standards IEC, BS, JIS, JEC, JEM or equivalent
- 1-1-3 Submittals

Submit shop drawings and/or catalogue and technical particulars for wire and cable.

- 1-2 Products
- 1-2-1 Conductors and cables

Comply with IBC, BS, JIS, JEC, JEM or equivalent

- a) 0.6/1 kV Cu/ Cross Link Poly-ethylene Insulated /Steel Wire Armored /Polyvinyl Chloride Sheathed Cable. (XLPE/SWA/PVC Cable)
- b) 0.6/1 kV Cu/ Cross Link Poly-ethylene Insulated /Steel Wire Armored /Polyvinyl Chloride Sheathed Shielded Cable. (XLPE/SWA/PVC/S Cable)
- c) 0.6/1 kV Cu/ Polyvinyl Chloride Insulted/ Polyvinyl Chloride Sheathed Cable. (PVC/PVC Cable)
- d) 0.6kV Cu/ Polyvinyl Chloride Sheathed Wire (PVC Wire)
- e) Fire resistant PVC/PVC Cable for fire alarm system
- f) 3P 24AWG for RS-485 cables CAT-5 cable as required

Comply with Japanese or international standard.

1-3 Execution

1-3-1 Color Coding

Color coding of wire shall be in accordance with the requirements of the IEC, BS, JIS, JEM or equivalent.

Provide for all service, feeder, branch, control and signaling circuit conductors. Color

shall be green for grounding conductors, and black for neutrals. The color of the ungrounded conductors in different voltage system shall be as follows:

a) 220 volt, 1-phase: Phase A / B / C - Red / Yellow / Blue Phase N - Black
b) 380 volt, 3-phase: Phase A - Red Phase B - Yellow Phase C - Blue Phase N - Black

- 1-3-2 Accessories
 - a) Cable Supports in Risers
 - b) Clamping device with insulation wedges and grips
 - c) Compression type or twist-on spring loaded connectors and Nylon insulated covering
 - d) Use anti-seize compound on tang
- 1-3-3 Wiring
 - a) Thoroughly clean the interior of raceways before wires are run.
 - b) Connect wires and cables with suitable connector fittings
 - c) Make no connections of cable situated in raceways
- 1-4 Tests
 - a) Continuity and insulation tests:
 - b) 380/220V lines: 1,000 volts megger 100 percent of feeders
 - c) 220V lines: 500 volts megger 100 percent of feeders
 - d) Communication lines 250 volts megger 100 percent of feeders
- 1-5 Performance test
 - a) Prior to connecting equipment
 - b) In presence of authorized representatives

Section 2 Raceways (Conduits)

- 2-1 General Requirements
- 2-1-1 Scope of Work
 - a) Raceways complete with boxes, fittings and accessories
 - b) Installation of miscellaneous.
- 2-2 Products
- (1) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Conduit Pipe
 - a) PVC Conduit Pipe for Electrical Works (VE); Comply with JIS C8430, BS or equivalent
 - b) Fittings and Accessories

Comply with JIS C8432:1999, or equivalent

(2) High impact Vinyl Pipe (HIVP)

Not used

- (3) Galvanized Steel Pipe
 - a) Rigid steel Conduit Pipe;

Comply with JIS C8305, G3452, BS or equivalent

2-3 Fittings and Accessories;

Comply with JIS C8330 to C8347, BS or equivalent

- (1) Flexible Metal Conduit (FMC)
 - a) Flexible Metal Conduit; Comply with JIS C8309, BS or equivalent
 - b) Fitting and Accessories;

Connectors, couplings, etc., suitable for flexible metallic conduit system

- (2) Cable Tray/ Cable Ladder
 - a) Hot dipped galvanized steel cable tray with cover; Comply with NEMA, BS or equivalent
 - b) Fittings and Accessories;

 $Comply with NEMA, BS \ or \ equivalent$

(3) Flexible Expansion Pipe (FEP50, 80)

a) Comply with JIS C8430, BS or equivalent

2-4 Boxes

- 2-4-1 Outlet Boxes;
 - a) Except as otherwise required by construction, devices or wiring
 - 1. Stamped steel and PVC for fixtures
 - 2. Materials; Electro-galvanized iron sheet
 - 3. Comply with JIS C8340:1999, BS or equivalent
 - 4. Outdoor Location : Weather proof
 - 5. Without Fixture or Device : Blank cover
 - b) Junction and Pull Boxes
 - 1. Material : sheet steel
 - 2. Covers : Screw-on, except as noted, paint finish, minimum 1.6mm thickness
- 2-5 Execution
- (1) Raceway and Conduit Pipes
 - a) Underground beyond Building;

It shall be at least 600mm from finished ground surface to its top cover

- b) Outlet Boxes shall be painted for rustproof
- c) All metal parts of conduit pipes, cable trays and boxes shall earthed in accordance with the requirements of JIS, BS or equivalent
- d) In case the pipe strength is not sufficient, upon execution of the work or after the work, measures to increase the strength such as embedding the pipes in concrete, etc. shall be applied
- (2) Underground Raceway Marker
 - a) Marker shall be concrete peg with minimum dimensions of $100 \text{mm} \times 100 \text{mm} \times 500 \text{mm}$
 - b) Provide the makers on the finished grade above the underground raceway and/or underground electric cable
 - c) Provide the maker at intervals of maximum 20 meters and the bending point of the raceway and/or cable.
- 2-6 Tests

Perform necessary tests as requested by the Consultant.

Section 3 Wiring Devices (for New Monitoring Room)

- 3-1 General Requirements
- 3-1-1 Scope of Work
 - a) Complete materials as noted
 - b) Installation of miscellaneous items and appurtenances shown and/or required to complete the wiring devices.
- 3-1-2 Products
 - 1) Switches;

Comply with BS, JIS, IEC or equivalent.

AC300V 3A, 15A switch, plastic plate

2) Receptacles (Socket Outlet)

Comply with BS, JIS, IEC or local standard.

Flush mounting and/or surface mounting type 2-poles and earthing pole.

Shop drawings shall be submitted by the contractor for the approval of the Consultant.

3) Plugs

Comply with BS, JIS, IEC and/or local standard

Type ; 2-poles and grounding suitable for socket type.

- Pilot Lamps Comply with BS, JIS, JEC, IEC or equivalent.
- 5) Device Plates

Comply with BS, JIS, JEC, IEC or equivalent.

- 3-1-3 Execution
 - 1) Tests

Test the operation and/or functions of all wiring devices under load.

- 2) Installation
 - a) Connecting Conductor and Cable;
 - b) Conductors or cable shall be connected to each other in the following manner.
 - c) Conductors shall be connected so as not to increase electrical resistance before connecting.
 - d) Conductors and cables shall be joined so as not to decrease their mechanical strength by more than 20%.
 - e) No connection shall be made within conduit or wiring duct.
 - f) Conductors and cables shall be connected by means of suitable connector fittings such as compression type connectors.
 - g) Where any connections occur, an adhesive vinyl tape shall be wrapped around the joint.
 - h) Connection between Conductors and device Terminals;

The device terminals shall be firmly fixed so as not to become loose at the connection. If there as a probability of them becoming loose, a double nut or a spring washer shall be used.

Section 4 Panel-Board and Cabinet (for RMU Transformer House)

4-1 General Requirements

- 4-1-1 Scope of Work
 - a) Low voltage distribution panel-board and power control panel-board complete with cabinet, box, fittings and accessories.
 - b) Installation of miscellaneous items and appurtenances shown and/or required to complete the work.
- 4-1-2 Products
 - 1) Low voltage distribution Panel Board
 - a) General:

Low voltage distribution panel-board shall be provided and installed as follows unless otherwise specified in this section and drawing and shop drawings shall be approved by the Consultant before manufacturing.

- b) Structure:
 - 1. The structure of the Low voltage distribution panel-board shall be manufactured to prevent dust, insects, etc., from penetrating or

getting inside.

- 2. The cabinet for the Low voltage distribution panel-board shall be manufactured of sheet steel with a thickness of 1.6mm or more.
- 2) Power Control Panel-Board
 - a) General

Power control panel-board shall be provided and installed as follows unless otherwise specified in this section and drawing and shop drawings shall be approved by the Consultant before manufacturing.

- 1. The structure of the power control panel-board shall be manufactured to prevent dust, insects, etc., from penetrating or getting inside.
- 2. The cabinet for the power control panel-board shall be manufactured of sheet steel with a thickness of 1.6mm or more.
- 3) Terminal Board
 - a) General

Terminal board shall be provided and installed as follows unless otherwise specified in this section and drawing and shop drawings shall be approved by the Consultant before manufacturing.

- 1. The structure of the power control panel-board shall be manufactured to prevent dust, insects, etc., from penetrating or getting inside.
- 2. The cabinet for the terminal board shall be manufactured of sheet steel with a thickness of 1.6mm or more.
- 4) Earth Terminal Board
 - a) General

Earth Terminal board shall be provided and installed as follows unless otherwise specified in this section and drawing and shop drawings shall be approved by the Consultant before manufacturing.

- 1. The structure of the Earth Terminal board shall be manufactured to prevent dust, insects, etc., from penetrating or getting inside.
- 2. The cabinet for the Earth Terminal board shall be manufactured of sheet steel with a thickness of 1.6mm or more.

Section 5 Earthing (Grounding)

5-1 General Requirements

- 5-1-1 Scope of Work
 - 1) A man ground electrode conductor between the earthing conductor and the earth rods
 - 2) Earthing Conductor shall comply with BS, JEC and/or local standard

- 3) Earthing conductors in all lightning and outlet circuits and in all branch circuits whether indicated or not
- 4) Communication System Earthing
- 5) Earth electrodes
- 6) Fittings and Accessories
- 7) Installation of miscellaneous items and appurtenances shown and/or required to complete the Earthing System
- 5-1-2 Products
 - 1) Main conductor;

Bare copper lay, minimum 70mm2 cross sectional area

2) Bonding Jumpers;

Bare copper, minimum 2.5mm diameter

- 3) Earth Conductor for motors, panels, devices, communication earthing, PVC insulated wire, size as required
- 5-1-3 Execution
 - 1) Installation
 - 1. Conductors, connections, fittings, etc. shall not be installed in cider fill or covered with soil containing cinders or other corrosive materials
 - 2. Earthing electrode or conductor shall be isolated more than 1.0m from others and shall be isolated more than 2.0m from lightning
 - 3. Earthing electrode shall be installed in a damp but not corrosive place deeper than 0.75m from the ground surface
 - 4. Conductor shall be installed 0.9m or more from any power line or gas pipe.
 - 5. Where section area of structural steel member is more than 300cm2, they may be used as an earthing conductor, be should confirmed with the Consultant.
 - 2) Tests
 - 1. Measure earthing resistance for each earth rod and total system by earthing resistance meter
 - 2. Earthing resistance values shall comply with the requirement of the regulation

Section 6 Lightning Protection

6-1General requirement

- 6-1-1 Scope of Work
 - 1. Observe compliance with all the provisions in the General Requirements of this Chapter as a part of this section

- 2. Submit Product data, Shop drawings, Qualification data, Certification and Field quality-control reports
- 3. Comply with recommendations in NFPA780 (National Fire Protection Association)
- 4. Installation of miscellaneous items and appurtenances shown and/or required to complete the lighting system
- 5. All shop drawings shall be approved by the Consultant

6-1-2 Products

- 1) Lightning Protection System Components
- 1. Roof-mounted Air Terminals; Lightning arrester class 2, Helita Pulsar or equivalent.
- 2. Ring Earth Electrode; It shall be as shown in the drawing and as directed and approved by the Consultant
- 3. Earth electrodes; 19mm diameter x 1.5m length and more as shown on the drawings
- 4. Earth Terminal Board; It shall be as shown in the drawings and manufactured accede the specification of Chapter 1 in this Chapter.
- 5. Lightning down conductor; Stranded. Bare cupper wire
- 6-1-3 Execution
 - 1) Installation
 - 1. Install lightning protection components and systems according to NFPA 780
 - 2. Install conductors with direct paths from air terminals to ground connections. Avoid sharp bent.
 - 2) Test
 - 1. Measure grounding resistance by grounding resistance meter
 - 2. Total earthing resistance value shall not exceed 10Ω .

Section 7 Spare Parts and Consumables

- 7-1 General Requirements
- 7-1-1 Scope of Work

Supply all the consumable spare parts as listed in Chapter 1 Section 2 Spare Parts List in this Chapter

1) Submittals

Submit spare parts list containing;

- 1. Name and quality of materials and devices
- 2. Related Section Number of the Specification
- 3. Manufacturer's name, address and telephone number

7-1-2 Products

1) General

All equipment, devices and/or materials shall be provided with required quantity of spare parts as stated below

- 2) Spare Parts List
 - 1. Any kind of Lamp; Quantity: 10% or at least 1 of Design Quantity
 - 2. Any kind of Fire Detector; Quantity: 10% or at least 1 of Design Quantity
- 3) Note: If there are standard spare parts and tools which are left out or missing from the list of the specifications, they shall be added and notified to the Consultant for approval. All necessary standard spare parts and tools shall be provided as required by the Consultant.

CHAPTER 5 INSTLLATION SPECIFICATION OF EACH CASE

The coverage of this bid book assumes it construction to install photovoltaic (PV) power generation facilities in the following places. In addition, as for the construction specifications of the new construction of other locations listed in a basic design drawing, Contractor shall refer to that place because Consultant will attach it separately as Appendix.

Section1

CASE-1 On the rooftop of UNDP Hangers new installation

1-1 Installation place, a condition, the area of the facilities:

A rental factory roof top : Height : 7m, Fire prevention steel building materials, Angle of inclination 5.7 degrees (10% slant)

1-2 Installation method of the Rental factories (Hanger) per the about 504m2/ Building with the frame fixation type made by roof materials bolt fixation stainless steel

(Caution)

The influence on structure with the PV new installation (structural calculation)

About a building to put this PV power generation system on the Rooftop of Hangers, Contractor shall calculate a dead load and the seismic load calculation.

And the standard to do of the seismic load in (Seismic Hazard Map for Building Codes in the Levant) is based, and assume it 0.3G.

There is not the premise to put PV modules on the rooftop, and the target building assumes the case that the result that a structure is not able to bear for load appeared this time, the Contractor must submit and inform the results of calculation to the Consultant and the Contractor must consider and reduce the setting number of PV

Section 2		
CASE-4 Expansion area in the Existing PV generation Station		
2-1 Installation place, a condition, the area of the facilities:		
Expansion area in the Existing PV generation Area, Ground Mounted Angel of		
inclination 30.0 degrees		
2-2 Installation method :		
Galvanizing fire prevention Steel or an aluminum Ground Mounted type		
2-3 A number of PV modules installation :		
12 series *26 lines = 312 nos.		
2-4 Installation apparatuses: ※FEP50 pipe for *2		
Power conditioner*2 (36.0kW), Connection box *2, Collection of direct current electric		
box*2, LV Cable for connection, Pipes cable protection		
2-5 Incidental facilities: None		
2-8 Grid connection point:		
Grid connection point shall be in the NEW Monitoring Room in NEW 2nd floor of the		
Administration Building thru the new bi-directional meter.		
Section 3		
CASE-1 On the rooftop of Hangers new installation		
CASE-2 On the rooftop of Hangers new installation		
3-1 Installation place, a condition, the area of the facilities:		
A rental factory rooftop $:$ Height $:$ 7m, Fire prevention steel building materials, Angle of		
inclination 5.7 degrees (10% slant)		
3-2 Installation method of the Rental factories (Hanger) per the about 504m2/ Building		
with the frame fixation type made by roof materials bolt fixation stainless steel		
(Caution)		
The influence on structure with the PV new installation (structural calculation)		
About a building to put this PV power generation system on the Rooftop of Hangers,		
Contractor shall calculate a dead load and the seismic load calculation.		
And the standard to do of the seismic load in (Seismic Hazard Map for Building Codes		
in the Levant) is based, and assume it 0.3G.		
There is not the premise to put PV modules on the rooftop, and the target building		
assumes the case that the result that a structure is not able to bear for load appeared		

this time, the Contractor must submit and inform the results of calculation to the Consultant and the Contractor must consider and reduce the setting number of PV 3-3 Installation apparatuses: %FEP50 pipe for *2

Power conditioner*2 (36.0kW), Connection box *2, Collection of direct current

electric box*2, LV Cables for LV grid connection, Conduit Pipes and supports. 3-4 Incidental facilities:

KanDenKo

A companion ladder for roof level access, Appliance, for maintenance cleaning*1,

3-5 Grid Connection Point:

Grid connection point shall be in the existing LV Distribution boards in RMU houses thru the new bi-directional meters.

CHAPTER 7 OPEATION AND MAINTENANCE AFTER THIS PROJECT

Now There were only ground mounted type PV power generation facilities of 300kWp, however, after this plan, the Facilities manager need to manage four kinds of PV generation systems in total and must manage it, and it is necessary for study to maintain the organization which is necessary for OPEATION AND MAINTENANCE (O&M), staff placement, the technique level that should hold it, a necessary expense.

Existing PV System had already connected direct consecutive to national grid, however, The Facilities manager will use ourselves inside factory. So The Facilities Manager needs to prepare the more higher technical knowledge, and an organization to manage staffs and it with and to run is necessary for the system.

And It is necessary to conclude the contract of the selling of power purchase of power with the electric power company newly, and the making of organization of early time is necessary.

In additional, The Facilities manager shall examine exchange of PV Panel and Power Conditioner and another facilities before 20 years pass from the setting of facilities.

Section-1 Operation Works.

1-1. An annual management plan.

The Facilities manager shall make an annual generation plan and management plan and manage it whether it make progress as scheduled.

1-2. The evaluation of the PV generation system.

The Facilities manager shall judge whether the PV generation system that this generation system is more proper than weather condition is considered to be it and they shall perform a field work at the time of the electrical power drop down and shall recover immediately.

1-3. Reporting.

The Facilities manager shall summarize the evaluation of progress of the program for the year and the PV generation system in a report and they shall report it every month in an office.

1-4. Monitoring.

The Facilities manager shall perform the site condition of PV generation facilities by a remote monitoring system and they shall cope immediately when alarm signal was seen.

1-5. Various data record safekeeping and a report of the facilities operating.

The Facilities manager shall make various data simplified forms and they shall report and they shall make filing according to an item and shall keep it in a monitoring room and shall report it to an employee on every month regularly in them office.

1-6. An emergency alarm supports.

The Facilities manager shall utilize the warning email transmission function of the remote monitoring system and they shall cope with facilities on emergency alarm for 24 hours for 365 days.

Section 2. Maintenance Works.

2-1. A periodic inspection.

The Facilities manager shall perform confirmation of the everyday visual inspection and data display and monthly check and annual check.

2-2. The details check of the Power Conditioner.

The Facilities manager shall perform the power conditioner details check once in five years.

2-3. The check of incidental facilities.

The Facilities manager shall perform operation check of facilities pro-movement check of the peripheral device (all meters, temperature meters, solar radiation meters, transformers, cables) of PV generation facilities and remote communication system regularly with using testers or a small size a thermal imagery camera.

2-4. Cleaning the module

The Facilities manager shall clean the surface of the module with high pressure once a month to prevent a quantity of generation electric power drop down and aged deterioration.

2-5. The weeding around the facilities.

The Facilities manager shall remove the weed obstacle to the PV generation.

2-6. The exclusive duty placement of the electric chief engineer and the organization of the Emergency contact system.

The Facilities manager shall employee the exclusive duty chief engineer having electric knowledge of the PV power generation, who can do the initial correspondence in emergency alarm, and the Developer shall let a monitoring room engage. In the time when PV generation facilities operate, an engineer shall be resident and shall make the record of various data, analysis, preservation, the report.

When PV generation does not operate (the night when they do not generate electricity), the Facilities manager shall organize the system that when an emergency alarm announced it immediately perform is possible.

Section 3. Inspection Works.

1-1 Visual Inspection

When the Facilities manager carries out a visual inspection, they shall confirms consistency in reference to Documents in conjunction with generation facilities such as Single Line Diagram and layout drawings and Specification.

The Facilities manager shall confirm whether there are not a dirt and the change of color of the solar receiving surface of PV Module, damage, a damage by a fire regularly. In addition, there are not corrosion and the damage of an facilities fitting structure and generation facilities, and the facilities manager shall carry out visual inspection about angle of facilities structures

- 1) PV Module, Array, Fixing Metal Fitting
- 2) Connection Box, Collection Box
- 3) Power Conditioner, Transformer, Fuse
- 4) Cable, Wiring, Facilities
- 5) Amount of Generated Electric Power
- 6) Peripheral condition

1-2 Inspection Equipment

When the Facilities manager shall inspect visual inspections, they shall record the numerical value that measured the conditions of the facilities with a camera, compasses, a scale measure, a point of view meter every time. The Facilities manager shall measure the angle of degree of the facilities and PV Module with a point of view meter and shall leave a record according to a decided format. The Facilities manager shall take the state of the inspection with a camera and stores Photos every date.

- 1) Camera
- 2) Scale Measure, Compasses, Angle Gage
- 3) Thermographic camera
- 1-3 Report making, Information and Emergency Response

The facilities manager shall record a result of the inspection and summarize it in a report, and they shall add comment to Documents of a decided format and shall report it once a week in an office.

The facilities manager shall watches the temperature rise point of the facilities such as the surface of PV Module and Power Conditioner, Transformer, the Connection and

Collection box with a thermographic camera once a month and they shall leave a record. When the Inspector finds trouble and the damage of facilities, the Facilities manager must separate an electric power distribute without delay and they must take the emergency responses.