

UNDP-GEF Midterm Review Terms of Reference

Location: São Tomé and Principe Application Deadline: 01/02/2019

Category: Renewable Energies / Forestry / Climate change / Watershed management / Environment

Type of Contract: Individual Contract
Assignment Type: International Consultant
Languages Required: Portuguese and English

Starting Date: 09/02/2019

Expected Duration of Assignment: 45 days over a period of 2 months

1. INTRODUCTION

This is the Terms of Reference (ToR) for the UNDP-GEF Midterm Review (MTR) of the *full*-sized project titled "Promotion of environmentally sustainable and climate-resilient grid/isolated grid-based hydroelectric electricity through an integrated approach in Sao Tome and Principe" implemented through the *UNDP/ General Department of Natural Resources and Energy*, which is to be undertaken in *2018/2019*. The project started in *June 2016* and is in its *third* year of implementation. In line with the UNDP-GEF Guidance on MTRs, this MTR process was initiated before the submission of the second Project Implementation Report (PIR). This ToR sets out the expectations for this MTR. The MTR process must follow the guidance outlined in the document *Guidance for Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects* (http://web.undp.org/evaluation/documents/guidance/GEF/mid-term/Guidance_Midterm%20Review%20_EN_2014.pdf).

2. PROJECT BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The Democratic Republic of Sao Tome and Principe is located in the Gulf of Guinea, off the north-western coast of Gabon. With a total surface of 1000Km², it has a population of around 190.000 inhabitants (2012 Census). The country's economy revolves around agriculture and fishing, sectors which are highly vulnerable to climate change. Regarding GDP structure, from 2012 to 2016, the service sector (trade, transportation and public administration) representing in average 69% of GDP. In terms of economic growth, the Industry presents an annual growth rate of 5,08%, Service sector 4,10% and Agriculture 2,17%.



Current energy production in the country is sourced by a mix of fossil fuel 92.4% (18.35 MW) and hydro power 7.6% (1.50 MW), totaling a generation capacity of around 19.85 MW. This production capacity is insufficient to satisfy the current demand estimated in around 21 MW.

The only operational hydro power station is Contador, dates from colonial times and is currently benefiting from a World Bank/European Investment Bank project that will rehabilitate it and enlarged its production capacity. Yet the country has a great potential for renewable energy production, in particular from solar and hydro sources as described in several studies carried out since the 80's.

The project PIMS 4602 - Promotion of environmentally sustainable and climate-resilient grid/isolated grid-based hydroelectric electricity through an integrated approach in Sao Tome and Principe", focuses on mini-hydro development and watershed management with a GEF grant of \$5.27 million and is planned for a period of five years, officially commenced on 21 January 2016. The United Nations Development Program (UNDP) implements the project in partnership with the Department of Natural Resources and Energy, Department of Forestry and Department of Agriculture.

The project intended to provide an enabling environment to attract investors to the hydro electricity sector to develop a setting of small hydroelectric power plants, promoting the increase of renewable energies and the reduction of the use of fossil fuels, with all benefits derived. These included the reduction of financial burdens for the State and the transformation of the energy sector into an economically viable and environmentally friendly sector.

Two implementation challenges emerged during the first year of implementation, notably the operationalization of the loan guarantee fund, which was designed to incentivize private sector investment in the sector, and the fact that many of the sites with known hydropower potential were tied up in concession agreements, which make their exploitation legally challenging. In the sequence of a UNDP Technical Assistance review mission, it was concluded that private sector investment in renewable energy in São Tomé and Príncipe is still a too risky activity given the absence of a comprehensive supportive regulatory framework, the low income and electricity consumption levels of most consumers, and the financial situation of the utility, EMAE. Government partners recommended reallocating the funds intended for the guarantee fund to policy derricking and investment activities that have a greater likelihood of success. In this sense, the project has focused on improving the regulatory framework of the energy, water and forestry sector, on expanding the energy sector baseline information for potential investors, on applying watershed management practices to some potential basins and on developing a communication strategy for the sustainable management of ecosystems, as overall re-risking activities to enable the integrated approach to watershed management embedded in the project design.



3. OBJECTIVES OF THE MITR

The MTR will assess progress towards the achievement of the project objectives and outcomes as specified in the Project Document and assess early signs of project success or failure with the goal of identifying the necessary changes to be made in order to set the project on-track to achieve its intended results. The MTR will also review the project's strategy, its risks to sustainability.

4. MTR APPROACH & METHODOLOGY

The MTR must provide evidence-based information that is credible, reliable and useful. The MTR team (composed by international and national consultants) will review all relevant sources of information including documents prepared during the preparation phase (i.e. PIF, UNDP Initiation Plan, UNDP Environmental & Social Safeguard Policy, the Project Document, project reports including Annual Project Review/PIRs, project budget revisions, lesson learned reports, national strategic and legal documents, and any other materials that the team considers useful for this evidence-based review). The MTR team will review the baseline GEF focal area Tracking Tool submitted to the GEF at CEO endorsement, and the midterm GEF focal area Tracking Tool that must be completed before the MTR field mission begins.

The MTR team is expected to follow a collaborative and participatory approach¹ ensuring close engagement with the Project Team, government counterparts (the GEF Operational Focal Point), the UNDP Country Office(s), UNDP-GEF Regional Technical Advisers, and other key stakeholders.

Engagement of stakeholders is vital to a successful MTR.² Stakeholder involvement should include interviews with stakeholders who have project responsibilities, including but not limited to executing agencies, senior officials and task team/ component leaders, key experts and consultants in the subject area, Project Board, project stakeholders, local government, other donors in the sector and CSOs, etc. Additionally, the MTR team is expected to conduct field missions to the communities where the project has developed field activities, namely reforestation.

The final MTR report should describe the full MTR approach taken and the rationale for the approach making explicit the underlying assumptions, challenges, strengths and weaknesses about the methods and approach of the review.

¹ For ideas on innovative and participatory Monitoring and Evaluation strategies and techniques, see <u>UNDP Discussion Papers</u> <u>Innovations in Monitoring & Evaluating Results</u>, 05 Nov 2013.

² For more stakeholder engagement in the M&E process, see the <u>UNDP Handbook on Planning, Monitoring and Evaluating for Development Results</u>, Chapter 3, pg. 93.



5. DETAILED SCOPE OF THE MTR

The MTR team will assess the following four categories of project progress. See the *Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects* for extended descriptions.

i. Project Strategy

Project design:

- Review the problem addressed by the project and the underlying assumptions. Review the effect
 of any incorrect assumptions or changes to the context to achieving the project results as outlined
 in the Project Document.
- Review the relevance of the project strategy and assess whether it provides the most effective route towards expected/intended results. Were lessons from other relevant projects properly incorporated into the project design?
- Review how the project addresses country priorities. Review country ownership. Was the project concept in line with the national sector development priorities and plans of the country (or of participating countries in the case of multi-country projects)?
- Review decision-making processes: were perspectives of those who would be affected by project decisions, those who could affect the outcomes, and those who could contribute information or other resources to the process, taken into account during project design processes?
- Review the extent to which relevant gender issues were raised in the project design. See Annex 9
 of Guidance for Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects for
 further guidelines.
- If there are major areas of concern, recommend areas for improvement.

Results Framework/Log frame:

- Undertake a critical analysis of the project's log frame indicators and targets, assess how "SMART" the midterm and end-of-project targets are (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Timebound), and suggest specific amendments/revisions to the targets and indicators as necessary.
- Are the project's objectives and outcomes or components clear, practical, and feasible within its time frame?
- Examine if progress so far has led to or could in the future catalyze beneficial development effects
 (i.e. income generation, gender equality and women's empowerment, improved governance
 etc...) that should be included in the project results framework and monitored on an annual basis.
- Ensure broader development and gender aspects of the project are being monitored effectively.
 Develop and recommend SMART 'development' indicators, including sex-disaggregated indicators and indicators that capture development benefits.

UNDP-GEF MTR ToR Standard Template



ii. Progress Towards Results

Progress Towards Outcomes Analysis:

Review the log frame indicators against progress made towards the end-of-project targets using
the Progress Towards Results Matrix and following the Guidance For Conducting Midterm Reviews
of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects; color code progress in a "traffic light system" based
on the level of progress achieved; assign a rating on progress for each outcome; make
recommendations from the areas marked as "Not on target to be achieved" (red).

Table. Progress Towards Results Matrix (Achievement of outcomes against End-of-project Targets)

Project Strategy	Indicator ³	Baseline Level ⁴	Level in 1st PIR (self-	Midterm Target ⁵	End-of- project	Midterm Level &	Achievement Rating ⁷	Justification for Rating
			reported)	_	Target	Assessment ⁶	_	
Objective:	Indicator (if applicable);							
Outcome 1:	Indicator 1:							
	Indicator 2:	· · · · · ·						
Outcome 2:	Indicator 3:		1					
	Indicator 4:							
	Etc.							
Etc.								

Indicator Assessment Key

Green=Achieved	Yellow= On target to be achieved	Red=Not on target to be achieved

In addition to the progress towards outcomes analysis:

- Compare and analyze the GEF Tracking Tool at the Baseline with the one completed right before the Midterm Review.
- Identify remaining barriers to achieving the project objective in the remainder of the project.
- By reviewing the aspects of the project that have already been successful, identify ways in which
 the project can further expand these benefits.

iii. Project Implementation and Adaptive Management

Management Arrangements:

 Review overall effectiveness of project management as outlined in the Project Document. Have changes been made and are they effective? Are responsibilities and reporting lines clear? Is

³ Populate with data from the Log frame and scorecards

^{*}Populate with data from the Project Document

⁵ If available

⁶ Color code this column only

⁷ Use the 6-point Progress Towards Results Rating Scale: HS, S, MS, MU, U, HU



decision-making transparent and undertaken in a timely manner? Recommend areas for improvement.

- Review the quality of execution of the Executing Agency/Implementing Partner(s) and recommend areas for improvement.
- Review the quality of support provided by the GEF Partner Agency (UNDP) and recommend areas for improvement.

Work Planning:

- Review any delays in project start-up and implementation, identify the causes and examine if they have been resolved.
- Are work-planning processes results-based? If not, suggest ways to re-orientate work planning to focus on results?
- Examine the use of the project's results framework/ log frame as a management tool and review any changes made to it since project start.

Finance and co-finance:

- Consider the financial management of the project, with specific reference to the costeffectiveness of interventions.
- Review the changes to fund allocations as a result of budget revisions and assess the appropriateness and relevance of such revisions.
- Does the project have the appropriate financial controls, including reporting and planning, that allow management to make informed decisions regarding the budget and allow for timely flow of funds?
- Informed by the co-financing monitoring table to be filled out, provide commentary on co-financing: is co-financing being used strategically to help the objectives of the project? Is the Project Team meeting with all co-financing partners regularly in order to align financing priorities and annual work plans?

Project-level Monitoring and Evaluation Systems:

- Review the monitoring tools currently being used: Do they provide the necessary information? Do they involve key partners? Are they aligned or mainstreamed with national systems? Do they use existing information? Are they efficient? Are they cost-effective? Are additional tools required? How could they be made more participatory and inclusive?
- Examine the financial management of the project monitoring and evaluation budget. Are sufficient resources being allocated to monitoring and evaluation? Are these resources being allocated effectively?



Stakeholder Engagement:

- Project management: Has the project developed and leveraged the necessary and appropriate partnerships with direct and tangential stakeholders?
- Participation and country-driven processes: Do local and national government stakeholders support the objectives of the project? Do they continue to have an active role in project decisionmaking that supports efficient and effective project implementation?
- Participation and public awareness: To what extent has stakeholder involvement and public awareness contributed to the progress towards achievement of project objectives?

Reporting:

- Assess how adaptive management changes have been reported by the project management and shared with the Project Board.
- Assess how well the Project Team and partners undertake and fulfil GEF reporting requirements (i.e. how have they addressed poorly-rated PIRs, if applicable?)
- Assess how lessons derived from the adaptive management process have been documented, shared with key partners and internalized by partners.

Communications:

- Review internal project communication with stakeholders: Is communication regular and
 effective? Are there key stakeholders left out of communication? Are there feedback mechanisms
 when communication is received? Does this communication with stakeholders contribute to their
 awareness of project outcomes and activities and investment in the sustainability of project
 results?
- Review external project communication: Are proper means of communication established or being established to express the project progress and intended impact to the public (is there a web presence, for example? Or did the project implement appropriate outreach and public awareness campaigns?)
- For reporting purposes, write one half-page paragraph that summarizes the project's progress towards results in terms of contribution to sustainable development benefits, as well as global environmental benefits.

iv. Sustainability

- Validate whether the risks identified in the Project Document, Annual Project Review/PIRs and the ATLAS Risk Management Module are the most important and whether the risk ratings applied are appropriate and up to date. If not, explain why.
- In addition, assess the following risks to sustainability:



Financial risks to sustainability:

 What is the likelihood of financial and economic resources not being available once the GEF assistance ends (consider potential resources can be from multiple sources, such as the public and private sectors, income generating activities, and other funding that will be adequate financial resources for sustaining project's outcomes)?

Socio-economic risks to sustainability:

Are there any social or political risks that may jeopardize sustainability of project outcomes? What is the risk that the level of stakeholder ownership (including ownership by governments and other key stakeholders) will be insufficient to allow for the project outcomes/benefits to be sustained? Do the various key stakeholders see that it is in their interest that the project benefits continue to flow? Is there sufficient public / stakeholder awareness in support of the long-term objectives of the project? Are lessons learned being documented by the Project Team on a continual basis and shared/ transferred to appropriate parties who could learn from the project and potentially replicate and/or scale it in the future?

Institutional Framework and Governance risks to sustainability:

Do the legal frameworks, policies, governance structures and processes pose risks that may
jeopardize sustenance of project benefits? While assessing this parameter, also consider if the
required systems/ mechanisms for accountability, transparency, and technical knowledge
transfer are in place.

Environmental risks to sustainability:

Are there any environmental risks that may jeopardize sustenance of project outcomes?

Conclusions & Recommendations

The MTR team will include a section of the report setting out the MTR's evidence-based conclusions, in light of the findings.⁸

Recommendations should be succinct suggestions for critical intervention that are specific, measurable, achievable, and relevant. A recommendation table should be put in the report's executive summary. See the *Guidance for Conducting Midterm Reviews of UNDP-Supported, GEF-Financed Projects* for guidance on a recommendation table.

The MTR team should make no more than 15 recommendations total.

⁸ Alternatively, MTR conclusions may be integrated into the body of the report.



Ratings

The MTR team will include its ratings of the project's results and brief descriptions of the associated achievements in a MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table in the Executive Summary of the MTR report. See Annex E for ratings scales. No rating on Project Strategy and no overall project rating is required.

Table. MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table for "Promotion of environmentally sustainable and climate-resilient grid/isolated grid-based hydroelectric electricity through an integrated approach in Sao Tome and Principe"

Measure	MTR Rating	Achievement Description
Project Strategy	N/A	
Progress Towards	Objective Achievement	
Results	Rating: (rate 6 pt. scale)	
	Outcome 1	
	Achievement Rating:	
	(rate 6 pt. scale)	
	Outcome 2	
	Achievement Rating:	
	(rate 6 pt. scale)	
	Outcome 3	
	Achievement Rating:	
	(rate 6 pt. scale)	
	Etc.	
Project	(rate 6 pt. scale)	
Implementation &		
Adaptive		
Management		
Sustainability	(rate 4 pt. scale)	



6. TIMEFRAME

The total duration of the MTR will be approximately (45 days) over a time period of 8 weeks starting 09/02/2019) and shall not exceed four months from when the consultants are hired. The tentative MTR timeframe is as follows:

TIMEFRAME	ACTIVITY	
2019/02/01	Application closes	
2019/02/07	Select MTR Team	
2019/02/09	Prep the MTR Team (handover of Project Documents)	
2019/02/11	Document review and preparing MTR Inception Report	
2019/02/12	Finalization and Validation of MTR Inception Report- latest start of MTR mission	
2019/02/13	MTR mission: stakeholder meetings, interviews, field visits	
2019/03/04	Mission wrap-up meeting & presentation of initial findings- earliest end of MTR mission	
2019/03/06	Preparing draft report	
2019/03/20	Incorporating audit trail from feedback on draft report/Finalization of MTR report	
2019/03/23	Preparation & Issue of Management Response	
2019/03/25	Expected date of full MTR completion*	

^{*}The final MTR report must be in English. If applicable, the Commissioning Unit may choose to arrange for a translation of the report into a language more widely shared by national stakeholders.

7. MTR ARRANGEMENTS

The principal responsibility for managing this MTR resides with the Commissioning Unit. The Commissioning Unit for this project's MTR is the UNDP Country Office

The Commissioning Unit will contract the consultants and ensure the timely provision of per diems and travel arrangements within the country for the MTR team. The Project Team will be responsible for liaising with the MTR team to provide all relevant documents, set up stakeholder interviews, and arrange field visits.

8. TEAM COMPOSITION

A team of two independent consultants will conduct the MTR - one team leader (with experience and exposure to projects and evaluations in other regions globally) and one team expert, usually from the country of the project. The consultants cannot have participated in the project preparation,





formulation, and/or implementation (including the writing of the Project Document) and should not have a conflict of interest with project's related activities.

The selection of consultant will be aimed at maximizing the overall qualities in the following areas:

- At least seven years of proven work experience in areas related to the energy sector development in developing countries. 250 points
- Proven work experience in integrated watershed management and /or forest management: 150 points
- Deep knowledge of the global trends on renewable energies: 200 points
- Proven and referenced experience in project evaluation working with GEF, United Nations System projects or other relevant donors; 200 points
- Minimum a master's degree in, natural resources management, environmental science, agriculture, business management, public policy, rural development, energy sector development or other closely related field or other closely related field; 200 points

Total	1000	points
-------	------	--------

9. PAYMENT MODALITIES AND SPECIFICATIONS

Payment will be made after satisfactory acceptance and certification of the deliverables and in accordance with UNDP procedures:

- on submission of MTR inception report 20% of the total value of the contract
- on submission of draft MTR report 30% of the total value of the contract
- on acceptance of final MTR report − 50% of the total value of the contract

10.APPLICATION PROCESS9

Recommended Presentation of Proposal:

- a) Letter of Confirmation of Interest and Availability using the template 10 provided by UNDP;
- b) CV and a Personal History Form (P11 form 11).
- c) Technical proposal, including a brief description of approach/methodology to the assignment and why the individual considers him/herself as the most suitable for the assignment
- d) Financial Proposal that indicates the all-inclusive fixed total contract price and all other travel related costs (such as flight ticket, per diem, etc), supported by a breakdown of costs, as per

UNDP-GEF MTR ToR Standard Template

⁹ Engagement of the consultants should be done in line with guidelines for highing consultants in the POPP: https://info.undp.org/global/popp/Pages/dufault.aspx

https://intranet.undp.org/unit/bom/pso/Support%20locuments%20on%20IC%20Guidelines/Template%20for%20Confirmation%20of%20Interest%20and%20Submission%20of%20Financjal%20Proposal.docx

http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp/library/corporate/Careers/P11_Personal_history_form.doc



template attached to the Letter of Confirmation of Interest template. If an applicant is employed by an organization/company/institution, and he/she expects his/her employer to charge a management fee in the process of releasing him/her to UNDP under Reimbursable Loan Agreement (RLA), the applicant must indicate at this point, and ensure that all such costs are duly incorporated in the financial proposal submitted to UNDP.

All application should be submitted to the e-mail address: rfg-st01.2019@undp.org of the United Nations Development Programme, São Tomé et Príncipe, indicating the following reference in the subject line "International Consultant for Midterm Review Project 94537" by COB 2019/02/01. Incomplete applications will be excluded from further consideration.

Criteria for Evaluation of Proposal: Only those applications which are responsive and compliant will be evaluated and the lowest priced offer achieving technical threshold will be retained and only the applicant has also accepted UNDP's General Terms and Conditions will be awarded the contract.

ToR ANNEX A: List of Documents to be reviewed by the MTR Team

- 1. PiF
- 2. UNDP Initiation Plan
- 3. UNDP Project Document
- 4. UNDP Environmental and Social Screening results
- 5. Project Inception Report
- 6. All Project Implementation Reports (PIR's)
- 7. Quarterly progress reports and work plans of the various implementation task teams
- 8. Audit reports
- 9. Finalized GEF focal area Tracking Tools at CEO endorsement and midterm
- 10. Oversight mission reports
- 11. All monitoring reports prepared by the project
- 12. Financial and Administration guidelines used by Project Team

The following documents will also be available:

- 13. Project operational guidelines, manuals and systems
- 14. UNDP country/countries programme document(s)
- 15. Minutes of the Project Board Meetings and other meetings (i.e. Project Appraisal Committee meetings)
- 16. Project site location maps

ToR ANNEX B: Guidelines on Contents for the Midterm Review Report¹²

i. Basic Report Information (for opening page or title page)

¹² The Report length should not exceed 40 pages in total (not including annexes).



ToR ANNEX B: Guidelines on Contents for the Midterm Review Report!

- i. Basic Report Information (for opening page or title page)
 - Title of UNDP supported GEF financed project
 - UNDP PIMS# and GEF project ID#
 - MTR time frame and date of MTR report
 - Region and countries included in the project
 - GEF Operational Focal Area/Strategic Program
 - Executing Agency/Implementing Partner and other project partners
 - MTR team members
 - Acknowledgements
- ii. Table of Contents
- iii. Acronyms and Abbreviations
- 1. Executive Summary (3-5 pages)
 - Project Information Table
 - Project Description (brief)
 - Project Progress Summary (between 200-500 words)
 - MTR Ratings & Achievement Summary Table
 - Concise summary of conclusions
 - Recommendation Summary Table
- 2. Introduction (2-3 pages)
 - · Purpose of the MTR and objectives
 - Scope & Methodology: principles of design and execution of the MTR, MTR approach and data collection methods, limitations to the MTR
 - Structure of the MTR report
- 3. Project Description and Background Context (3-5 pages)
 - Development context: environmental, socio-economic, institutional, and policy factors relevant to the project objective and scope
 - · Problems that the project sought to address: threats and barriers targeted
 - Project Description and Strategy: objective, outcomes and expected results, description of field sites (if any)
 - Project Implementation Arrangements: short description of the Project Board, key implementing partner arrangements, etc.
 - · Project timing and milestones
 - Main stakeholders: summary list
- **4.** Findings (12-14 pages)
- 4.1 Project Strategy
 - Project Design
 - · Results Framework/Log frame
- 4.2 Progress Towards Results

 $^{^{12}}$ The Report length should not exceed 40 pages in total (not including annexes).



- Progress towards outcomes analysis
- Remaining barriers to achieving the project objective
- 4.3 Project Implementation and Adaptive Management
 - Management Arrangements
 - Work planning
 - Finance and co-finance
 - Project-level monitoring and evaluation systems
 - Stakeholder engagement
 - Reporting
 - Communications
- 4.4 Sustainability
 - Financial risks to sustainability
 - Socio-economic to sustainability
 - Institutional framework and governance risks to sustainability
 - Environmental risks to sustainability
- 5. Conclusions and Recommendations (4-6 pages)

Conclusions

 Comprehensive and balanced statements (that are evidence-based and connected to the MTR's findings) which highlight the strengths, weaknesses and results of the project

Recommendations

- Corrective actions for the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the project
 - Actions to follow up or reinforce initial benefits from the project
 - Proposals for future directions underlining main objectives
- 6. Annexes
 - MTR ToR (excluding ToR annexes)
 - MTR evaluative matrix (evaluation criteria with key questions, indicators, sources of data, and methodology)
 - Example Questionnaire or Interview Guide used for data collection
 - Ratings Scales
 - MTR mission itinerary
 - List of persons interviewed
 - List of documents reviewed
 - Co-financing table (if not previously included in the body of the report)
 - Signed UNEG Code of Conduct form
 - · Signed MTR final report clearance form
 - Annexed in a separate file: Audit trail from received comments on draft MTR report
 - Annexed in a separate file: Relevant midterm tracking tools (METT, FSC, Capacity scorecard, etc.)



ToR ANNEX C: Midterm Review Evaluative Matrix Template

Evaluative Question	ons Indicator	5	Sources		Methodology
Project Strategy: To	what extent is the	project strategy	elevant to cou	ıntry priorities	, country ownership, and
the best route towar	rds expected resul	ts?			
(include eval question(s))	design and approach, conducted,	relationships , level of between project implementation specific activities quality of risk strategies, etc.)	national r strategies, we staff, project	documents, policies or bsites, project partners, data roughout the etc.)	(i.e. document analysis, data analysis, interviews with project staff, interviews with stakeholders, etc.)
Progress Towards Reachieved thus far?	esults: To what ex	tent have the ex	pected outcon	nes and object	ives of the project been
effectively, and bee	n able to adapt to	any changing c	onditions thus	far? To what	nented efficiently, cost- extent are project-level upporting the project's
Sustainability: To wh	hat extent are the	re financial, instit	utional socio	-economic, and	l/or environmental risks
to sustaining long-te					



ToR ANNEX D: UNEG Code of Conduct for Evaluators/Midterm Review Consultants¹³

Evaluators/Consultants:

- 1. Must present information that is complete and fair in its assessment of strengths and weaknesses so that decisions or actions taken are well founded.
- 2. Must disclose the full set of evaluation findings along with information on their limitations and have this accessible to all affected by the evaluation with expressed legal rights to receive results.
- 3. Should protect the anonymity and confidentiality of individual informants. They should provide maximum notice, minimize demands on time, and respect people's right not to engage. Evaluators must respect people's right to provide information in confidence, and must ensure that sensitive information cannot be traced to its source. Evaluators are not expected to evaluate individuals, and must balance an evaluation of management functions with this general principle.
- 4. Sometimes uncover evidence of wrongdoing while conducting evaluations. Such cases must be reported discreetly to the appropriate investigative body. Evaluators should consult with other relevant oversight entities when there is any doubt about if and how issues should be reported.
- 5. Should be sensitive to beliefs, manners and customs and act with integrity and honesty in their relations with all stakeholders. In line with the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights, evaluators must be sensitive to and address issues of discrimination and gender equality. They should avoid offending the dignity and self-respect of those persons with whom they come in contact in the course of the evaluation. Knowing that evaluation might negatively affect the interests of some stakeholders, evaluators should conduct the evaluation and communicate its purpose and results in a way that clearly respects the stakeholders' dignity and self-worth.
- 6. Are responsible for their performance and their product(s). They are responsible for the clear, accurate and fair written and/or oral presentation of study limitations, findings and recommendations.
- 7. Should reflect sound accounting procedures and be prudent in using the resources of the evaluation.

MTR Consultant Agreement Form

Agreement to abide by the Code of Conduct for Evaluation	on in the UN System:
Name of Consultant:	
Name of Consultancy Organization (where relevant):	
I confirm that I have received and understood and wite Evaluation.	ill abide by the United Nations Code of Conduct for
Signed at	(Place) on (Date)
Signature:	

¹³ www.undp.org/unegcodeofconduct



ToR ANNEX E: MTR Ratings

6	Highly Satisfactory (HS)	The objective/outcome is expected to achieve or exceed all its end-of-project targets, without major shortcomings. The progress towards the objective/outcome can be presented as "good practice".
5	Satisfactory (S)	The objective/outcome is expected to achieve most of its end-of-project targets, with only minor shortcomings.
4	Moderately Satisfactory (MS)	The objective/outcome is expected to achieve most of its end-of-project targets but with significant shortcomings.
3	Moderately Unsatisfactory (HU)	The objective/outcome is expected to achieve its end-of-project targets with major shortcomings.
2	Unsatisfactory (U)	The objective/outcome is expected not to achieve most of its end-of-project targets.
1	Highly Unsatisfactory (HU)	The objective/outcome has failed to achieve its midterm targets, and is not expected to achieve any of its end-of-project targets.

Ra	Ratings for Project Implementation & Adaptive Management: (one overall rating)				
6	Highly Satisfactory (HS)	Implementation of all seven components – management arrangements, work planning, finance and co-finance, project-level monitoring and evaluation systems, stakeholder engagement, reporting, and communications – is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management. The project can be presented as "good practice".			
5	Satisfactory (S)	Implementation of most of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management except for only few that are subject to remedial action.			
4	Moderately Satisfactory (MS)	Implementation of some of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management, with some components requiring remedial action.			
3	Moderately Unsatisfactory (MU)	Implementation of some of the seven components is not leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive, with most components requiring remedial action.			
2	Unsatisfactory (U)	Implementation of most of the seven components is not leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management.			
1	Highly Unsatisfactory (HU)	Implementation of none of the seven components is leading to efficient and effective project implementation and adaptive management.			

Ra	tings for Sustainability	: (one overall rating)
4	Likely (L)	Negligible risks to sustainability, with key outcomes on track to be achieved by the project's closure and expected to continue into the foreseeable future
3	Moderately Likely (ML)	Moderate risks, but expectations that at least some outcomes will be sustained due to the progress towards results on outcomes at the Midterm Review
2	Moderately Unlikely (MU)	Significant risk that key outcomes will not carry on after project closure, although some outputs and activities should carry on
1	Unlikely (U)	Severe risks that project outcomes as well as key outputs will not be sustained

ToR ANNEX F: MTR Report Clearance Form

