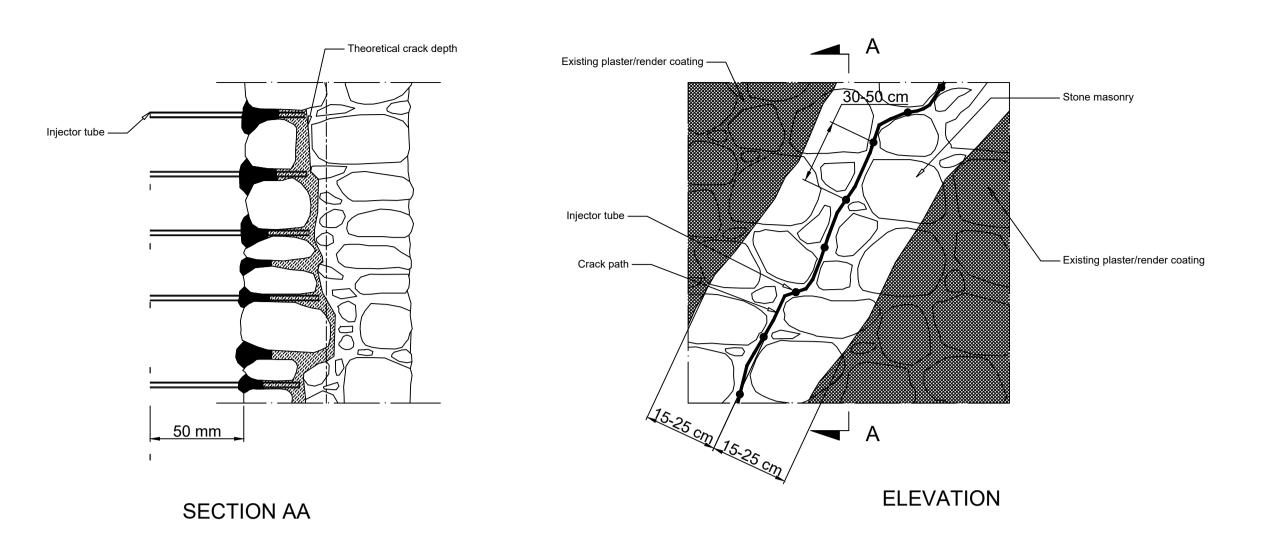
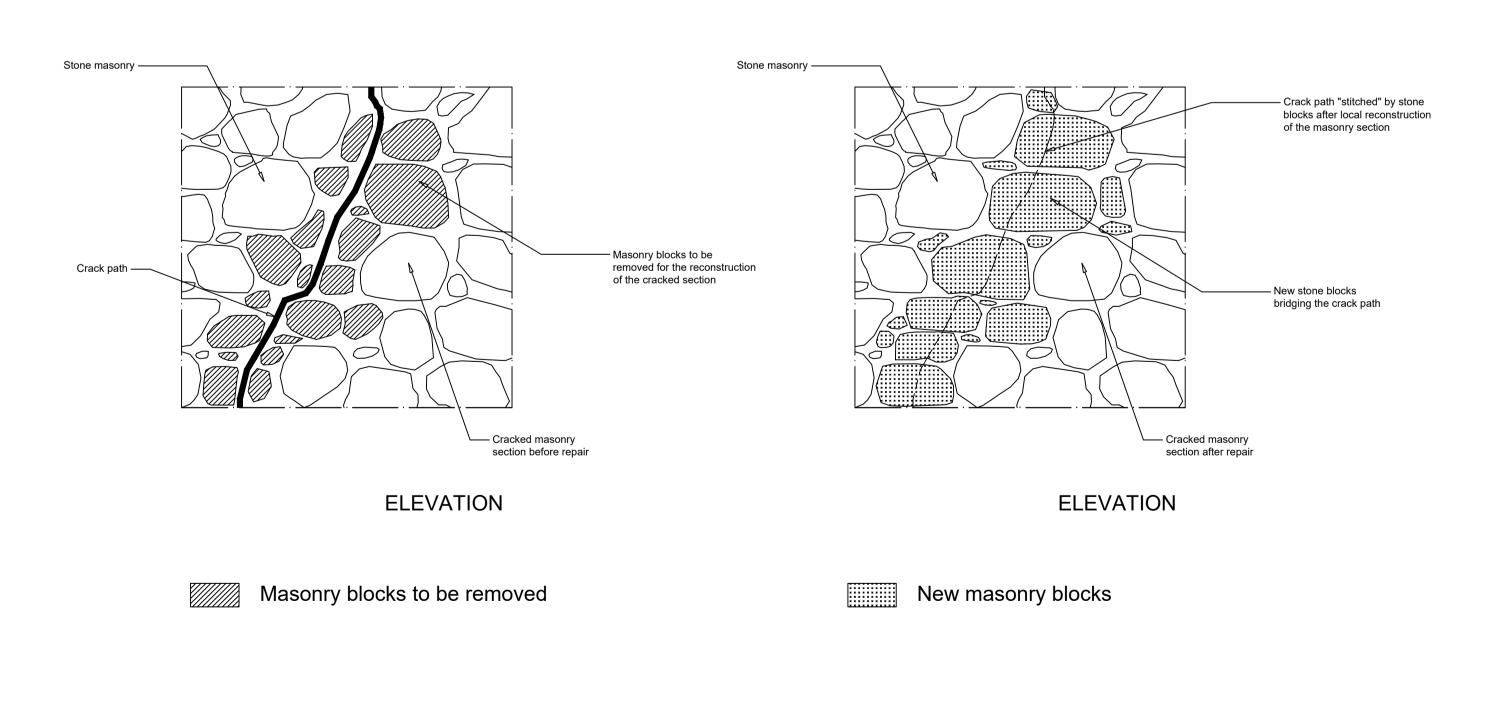
Grout injection for crack repairs



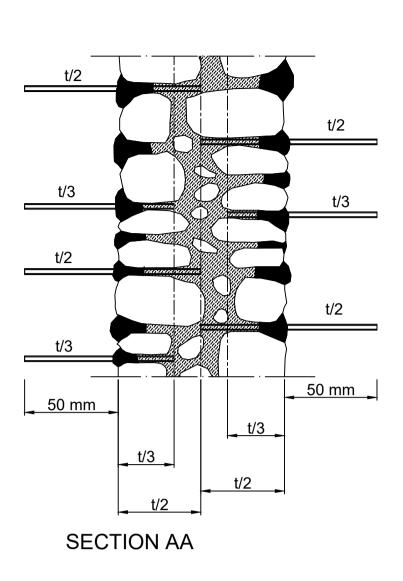
Application method

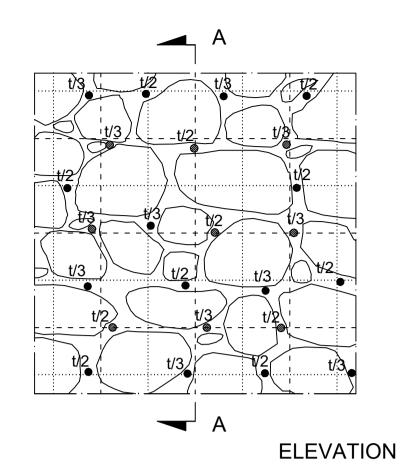
- 1. Identify and mark crack to be treated
- 2. Remove plaster/render coating on either side of crack at a width of 25 cm
- 3. Prepare substrate by cutting out deteriorated jointing mortar and by thorough cleaning
- 4. Drill 20-40 mm diameter holes extending to a depth of at least 1/3 of the thickness of the masonry regularly spaced at distances 30-50 cm
- 5. At the drilled holes Install injection tubes protruding 50 cm from the face of the wall
- 6. Seal the perimeter of the tubes and the crack path with lime mortar
- 7. Inject water the day before injecting the grout
- 8. Inject grout using low pressure pump and keeping pressure ≤ 0.10 MPa. Always start from the bottom working upwards. Continue injection in each position until slurry seeps out of a nearby tube and/or pressure reaches 0.1 MPa.
- 9. After completion of the procedure, remove tubes and fill holes/joints with lime mortar.

Local reconstruction of cracked masonry sections



Grout injection for homogenization of mass





- Injector tubes at the exterior face of the masonry
- Injector tubes at the interior face of the masonry
- Grid for placing injector tubes at the interior face of the masonry
 - Grid for placing injector tubes at the exterior face of the masonry



Application method

- 1. Identify and mark areas to be treated
- 2. Prepare substrate by cutting out deteriorated jointing mortar and by thorough cleaning
- 3. Drill 20-40 mm diameter holes extending to a depth of 1/2 2/3 of the thickness of the masonry at 50 x 50 cm pitch
- 4. At the drilled holes Install injection tubes protruding 50 cm from the face of the wall
- 5. Seal the perimeter of the tubes and the joints with lime mortar
- 6. Inject water the day before injecting the grout
- 7. Inject grout using low pressure pump and keeping pressure ≤ 0.10 MPa. Always start from the bottom working upwards. Continue injection in each position until slurry seeps out of a nearby tube and/or pressure reaches 0.1 MPa.
- 8. After completion of the procedure, remove tubes and fill holes/joints with lime mortar.

Application method

- 1. Identify and mark crack to be treated
- 2. Remove plaster/render coating on either side of crack at a width of 50 cm
- 3. Install suitable temporary supports to ensure stability and safety.
- 4. Remove any deteriorated, cracked, particularly loose and/or poorly bonded material from treated section
- 5. Thoroughly clean all support and jointing surfaces.
- 6. Clean stone blocks used for construction from dirt/dust and pre-wet at the time of placement
- 7. Create an "installation bed" of mortar and then lay the stone blocks. Set stone into position by a rubber or wooden mallet and firmly bed into mortar ensuring that sufficient grip is achieved with the existing masonry units.
- 8. Place new stone blocks in a way that "stitching" of the crack is achieved; i.e. the stone blocks installed bridge the cracks. Arrange stones suitably to stagger the vertical joints and avoid long vertical joints .
- 9. Use chips and spalls of stone to fill of interstices between the adjacent blocks and .to avoid thick mortar beds
- 10. In case of complete reconstruction of the masonry section, use through stones or overlapping blocks to ensure bonding among the two leafs of the stonework.
- 11. Construct a maximum of 80 cm of masonry per day on each wall section.

A/A	Specified Works	Relevant Technical Specification
AS8. CS10. DS3. ES3. FS4.	Repair of cracks by means of repointing, grout injection and or localized masonry reconstruction	S11. Consolidation and repair of masonry by means of grout injections
FS5.	Consolidation of masonry arched section by means of grout injection	S11. Consolidation and repair of masonry by means of grout injections





Project Title:

Sourp Magar Monastery - Rehabilitation Plan and Conservation Designs

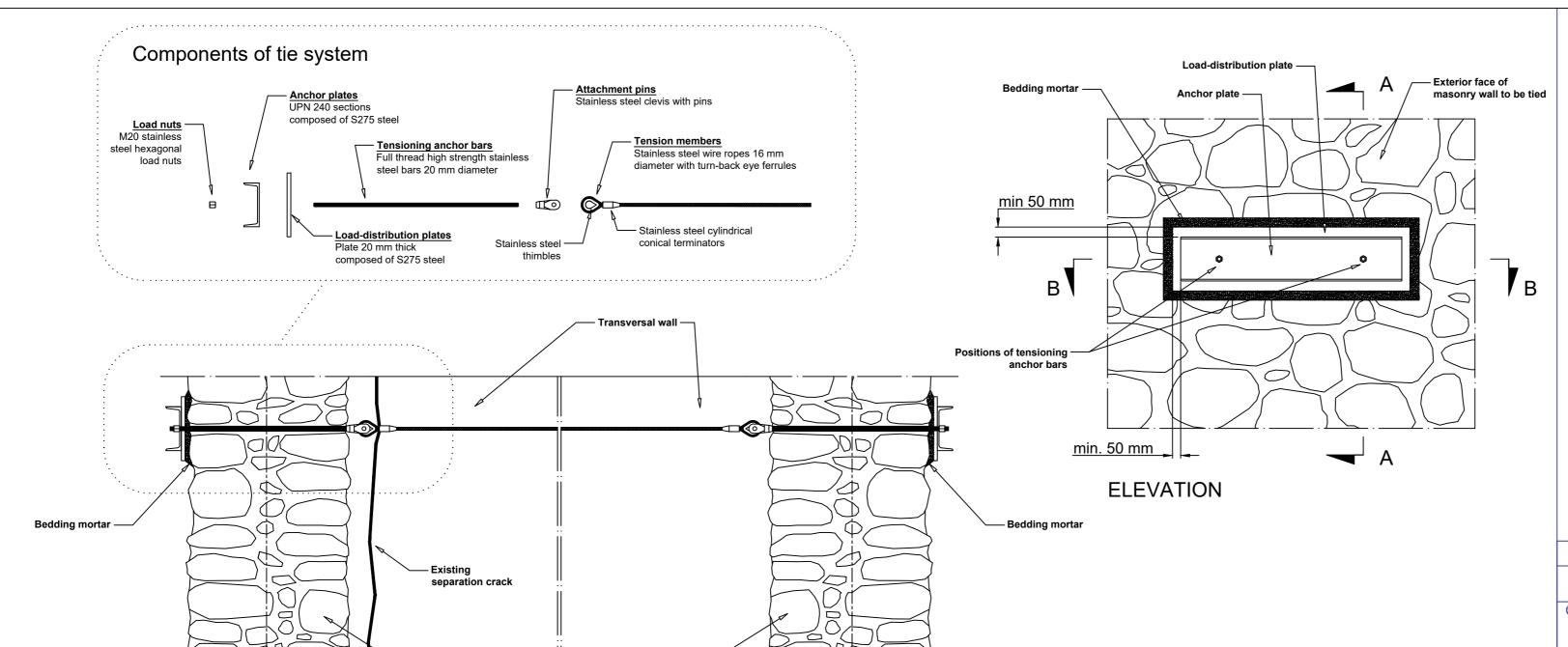
Design:	Name:	Surname:	Licence no.:
Architect:	Zoe	Lordos	10907
Civil Engineer:	Andreas	Antoniou	71696

Designer Team: Senior Architect: Andreas Lordos Architects: Ioanna Anastasiadou, Enver Eronen, Christina Kleanthous Papademetriou, Constantina Hadjicosta Civil Engineer: Rogiros Illampas Archaeologist: Anna Marangou

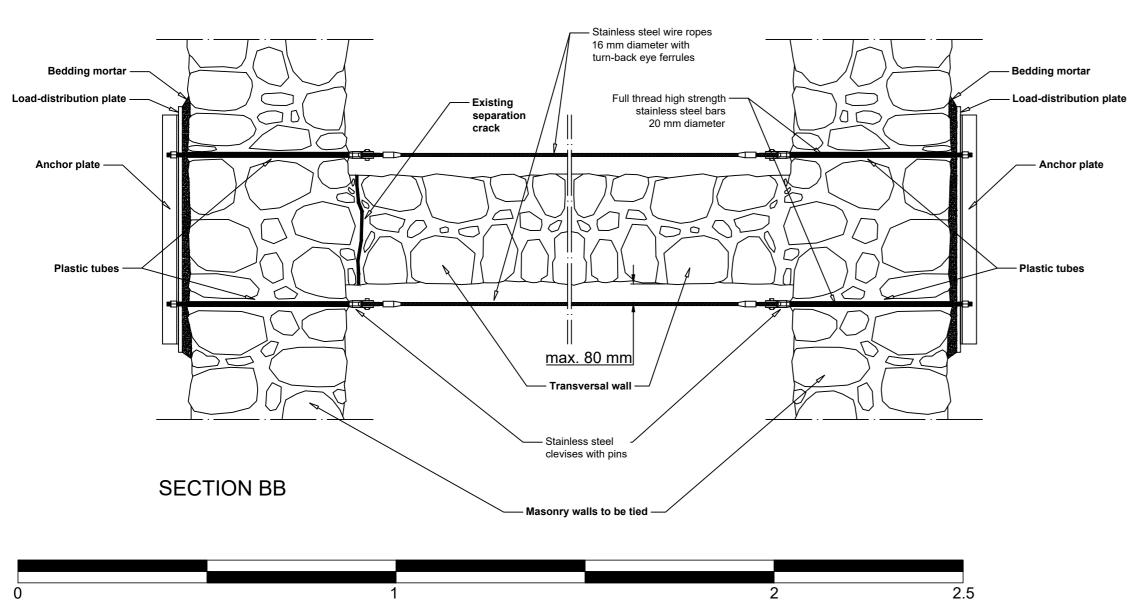
Date:	19/02/2019	Scale:	1:20 @ A1
Revision Date:	27/03/2019 08/04/2019 24/06/2019		

Drawing Name: Consolidation and repair of masonry by means of grout injection - Final

Drawing no.: S-Pr 01



SECTION AA



Masonry walls to be tied -

SCALE BAR 1:20 All measurements on this drawing sheet are in meters.

Block C				
A/A	Specified Works	Relevant Technical Specification		
CS6	Installation of steel tie rods along the length of the transversal walls to connect the longitudinal walls of the structure	S17. Installation of steel tie rods		





Project Title:

Sourp Magar Monastery Rehabilitation Plan and Conservation Designs

Design:	Name:	Surname:	Licence no.:
Architect:	Zoe	Lordos	10907
Civil Engineer:	Andreas	Antoniou	71696

Designer Team: Senior Architect: Andreas Lordos
Architects: Ioanna Anastasiadou, Enver
Eronen, Christina Kleanthous
Papademetriou, Constantina Hadjicosta
Civil Engineer: Rogiros Illampas
Archaeologist: Anna Marangou

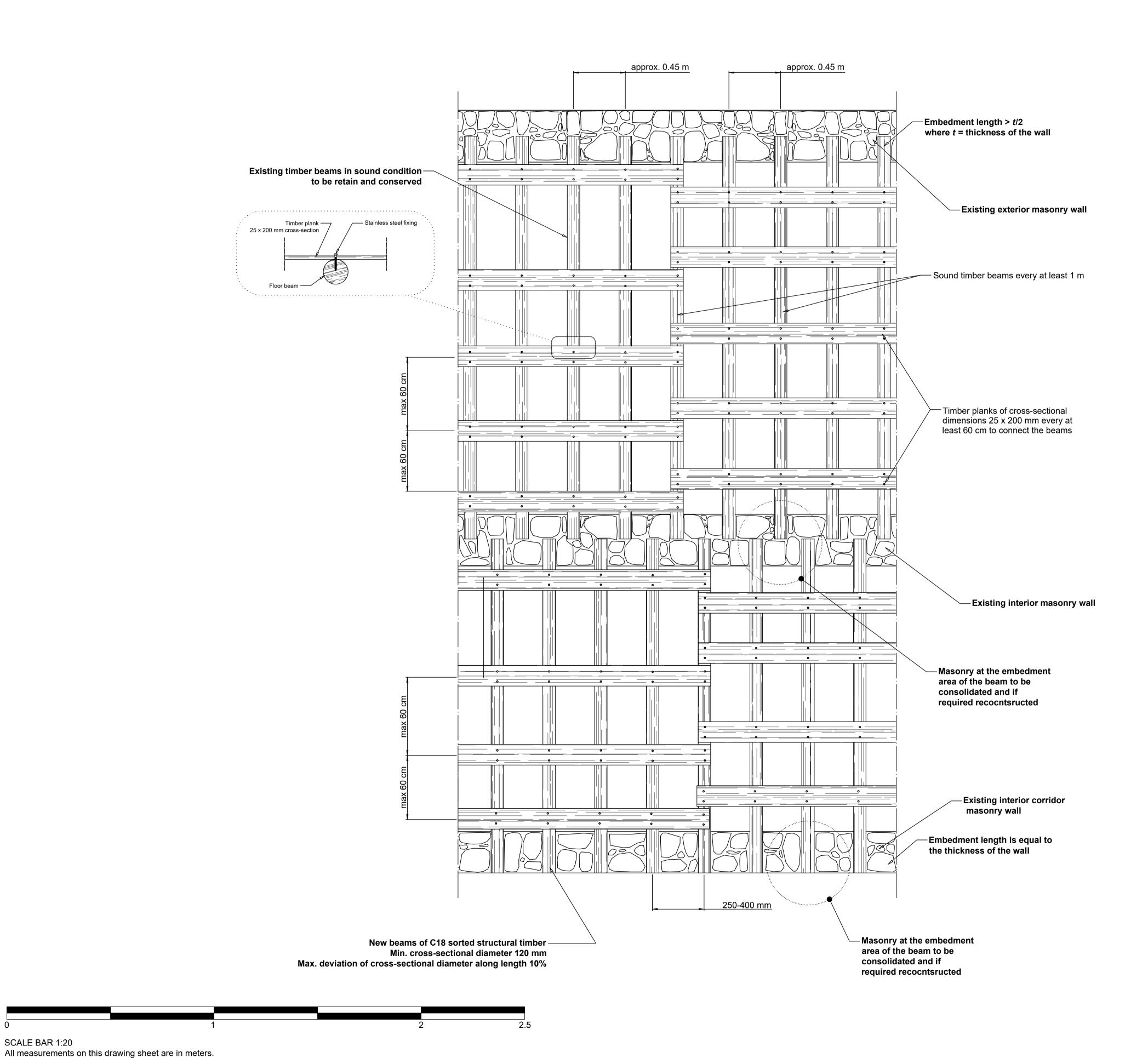
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Revision Date:	08/04/2019 24/06/2019		

Drawing Name: Installation of steel tie rods Final

Drawing no.: S-Pr 02

[S14] Replacement of damaged timber beams

SCALE BAR 1:20



Application method

- 1. Identify and mark all timber beams to be replaced.
- 2. Install suitable supports to make working area safe (method statement required).
- 3. Cut and remove damaged beams progressively in sections.
- 4. Thoroughly clean embedment areas of beams.
- 5. Set new beams in place and provide support by means of mechanical props.
- 6. While beams are supported construct a bedding course of masonry
- 7. After the mortar of the bedding course is matured fill all voids between the beam and masonry with mortar and pieces of stone.*
- 8. Remove propping when the mortar of the reconstructed part is matured.
- 9. Install timber planks of 25 x 200 mm cross-section every 60 cm using stainless steel fixings to interconnect the beams.

*Grouting at the abutments of the beams may additionally be requested by the supervising Civil Engineer

Block C				
A/A Specified Works		Relevant Technical Specification		
CS4.	Replacement of damaged timber beams of the floor (including removal of all floor overlays)	S14. Replacement of damaged timber beams		





Project Title:

Sourp Magar Monastery - Rehabilitation Plan and Conservation Designs

Design:	Name:	Surname:	Licence no.:
Architect:	Zoe	Lordos	10907
Civil Engineer:	Andreas	Antoniou	71696

Designer Team: Senior Architect: Andreas Lordos Architects: Ioanna Anastasiadou, Enver Eronen, Christina Kleanthous Papademetriou, Constantina Hadjicosta Civil Engineer: Rogiros Illampas Archaeologist: Anna Marangou

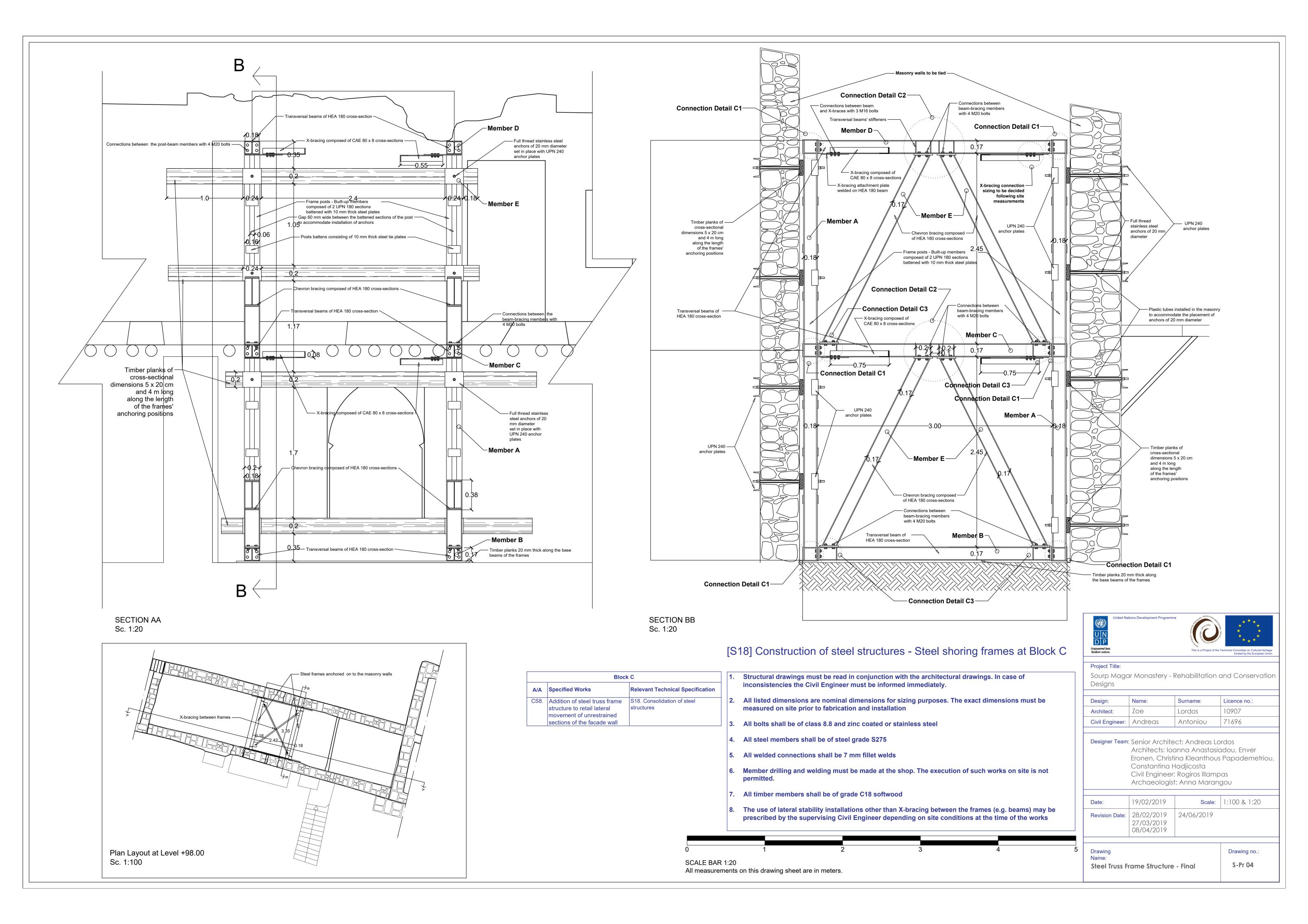
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Revision Date:	27/03/2019	24/06/2019	
	08/04/2019		

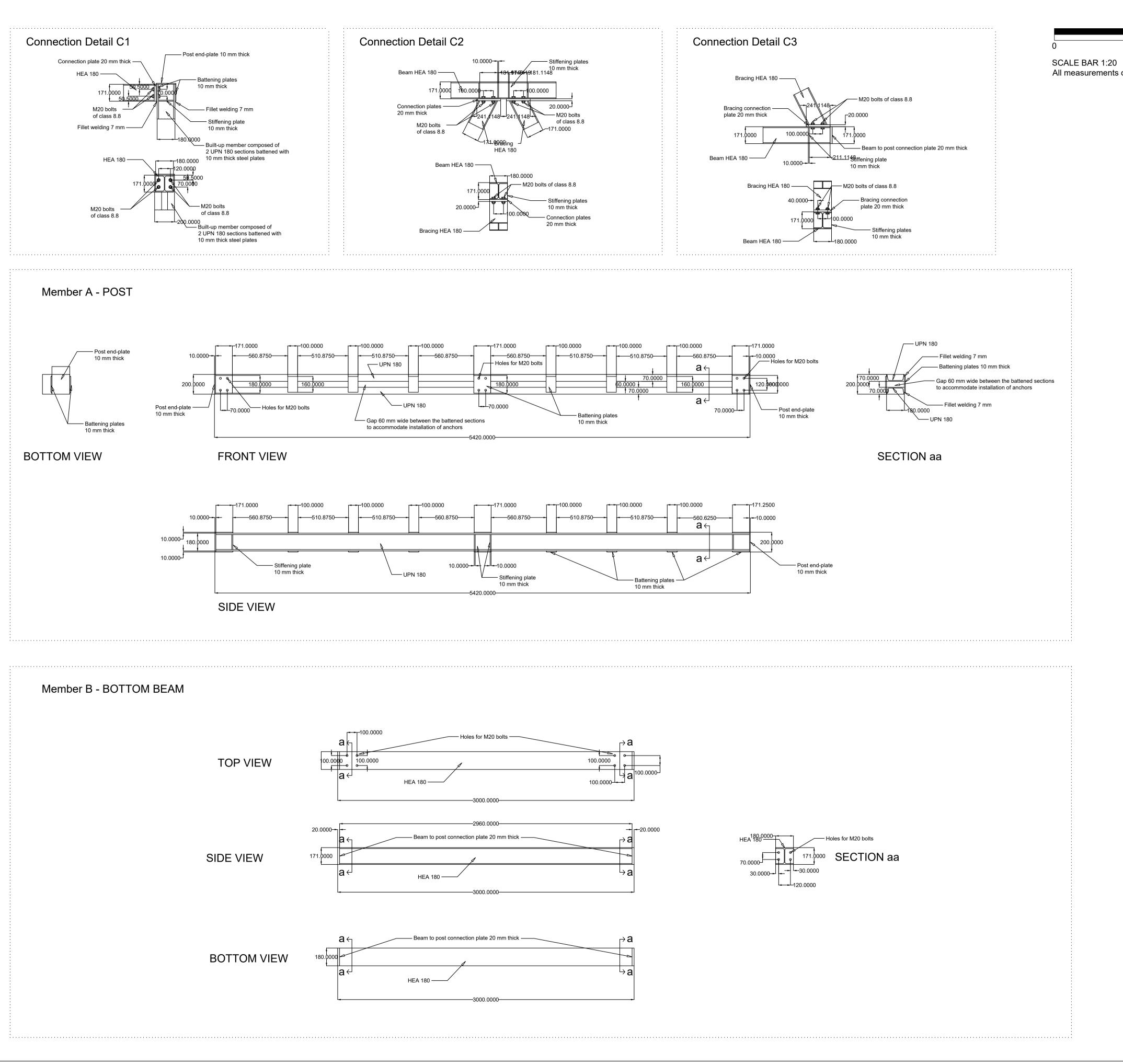
Drawing Name:

Replacement of damaged timber beams - Final

S-Pr 03

Drawing no.:





1 2 3 4

All measurements on this drawing sheet are in meters.

Block C

A/A Specified Works Relevant Technical Specification

CS8. Addition of steel truss frame structure to retail lateral movement of unrestrained sections of the facade wall

Relevant Technical Specification

S18. Construction of steel structures



Project Title:

This is a Project

This is a Project of the Technical Committee on Cultural Heritar funded by the European Unit

Sourp Magar Monastery - Rehabilitation and Conservation Designs

Design: Name: Surname: Licence
Architect: Zoe Lordos 10907
Civil Engineer: Andreas Antoniou 71696

Designer Team: Senior Architect: Andreas Lordos
Architects: Ioanna Anastasiadou, Enver
Eronen, Christina Kleanthous Papademetriou,
Constantina Hadjicosta
Civil Engineer: Rogiros Illampas
Archaeologist: Anna Marangou

Date: 28/02/2019 Scale: 1:100 & 1:20

Revision Date: 24/06/2019

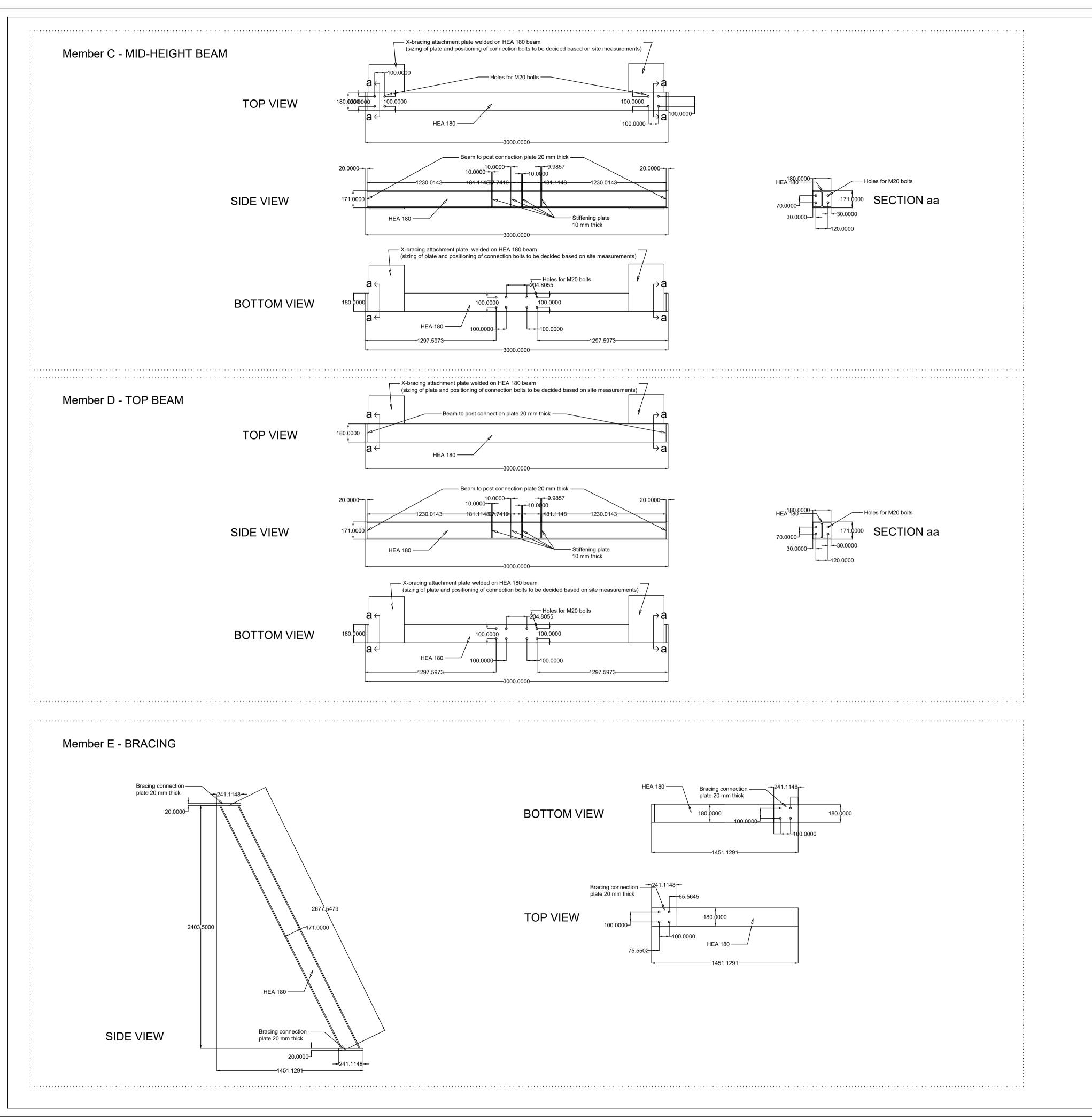
Drawing Name:

Steel Truss Frame Structure

Details- Final

Drawing no.:

S-Pr 05





SCALE BAR 1:20

All measurements on this drawing sheet are in meters.

	Block	С
A/A Specified Works		Relevant Technical Specification
	Addition of steel truss frame structure to retail lateral movement of unrestrained sections of the facade wall	S18. Consolidation of steel structures

Relevant Technical Specification

S18. Construction of steel structures

U N D P Empowered lives. Resilient nations.

nt Programme



Project Title:

Sourp Magar Monastery - Rehabilitation and Conservation Designs

Design:	Name:	Surname:	Licence	
Architect:	Zoe	Lordos	18907	
Civil Engineer:	Andreas	Antoniou	71696	

Designer Team: Senior Architect: Andreas Lordos
Architects: Ioanna Anastasiadou, Enver
Eronen, Christina Kleanthous Papademetriou,
Constantina Hadjicosta
Civil Engineer: Rogiros Illampas
Archaeologist: Anna Marangou

Date:	28/02/2019	Scale:	1:100 & 1:20	
Revision Date:	24/06/2019			

Drawing
Name:

Steel Truss Frame Structure
Details - Final

Drawing no.:

S-Pr 06